STATE OF CUSTOMER SERVICE IN NIGERIA

2024 REPORT



NIGERIA

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FOREWORD

As the Chairperson of the West African Association for Customer Service Professionals (WAACSP), it is with great pride that I present the 2024 Nigerian Customer Service Index Report. This report serves as a vital benchmark for evaluating the state of customer service across various sectors in Nigeria, reflecting the collective efforts of businesses and organizations committed to enhancing customer experiences.

In an increasingly competitive global marketplace, the importance of exceptional customer service cannot be overstated. It is the cornerstone of customer loyalty, brand reputation, and sustainable business growth. The findings in this report illustrate the strides made by numerous sectors in Nigeria, showcasing both improvements and areas that require further attention.

The 2024 Index reveals notable advancements in customer service performance, particularly in sectors such as real estate, telecommunications, and hospitality. These improvements are indicative of a growing recognition among businesses of the need to prioritize customer satisfaction and adapt to evolving consumer expectations. However, we must also acknowledge the challenges faced by certain sectors, such as insurance and power, where customer satisfaction remains a pressing concern.

The 2024 report not only highlights achievements but also serves as a call to action for all stakeholders in the Nigerian business landscape. It is essential that we continue to foster a culture of service excellence, invest in employee training, leverage technology, and actively seek customer feedback. By doing so, we can ensure that our customer service practices align with global standards and meet the diverse needs of our clientele.

As we move forward, let us embrace the insights and recommendations presented in this report as a roadmap to elevate customer service in Nigeria. Together, we can build a customer-centric culture that not only enhances satisfaction but also drives economic growth and positions Nigeria as a leader in customer service excellence within the West African region. Due to the diverse

FOREWORD

economic landscape in Nigeria, its survey groupings seek to distinguish organizations to account for fair rating, like-for-like comparison, and not to unfairly rate or judge a fintech and a bank despite both being in the same financial services sector. Sub-sectors in the NCSI provide better insight and understanding of specific areas. I encourage organizations and their leaders to not only look at their sector performances but also narrow down to sub-sectors; having the detailed report for an organization's sub-sector will give a fulcrum for growth and majorly focus on what customers want and are saying.

I would like to extend my gratitude to all the organizations and individuals who contributed to this report. Your commitment to improving customer service is commendable and vital for our collective success.

Thank you for your dedication to excellence in customer service.

Yronne. O. Maclarthy-

Yvonne Ohui MacCarthy Board Chair, WAACSP

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The 2024 Nigerian Customer Service Index (NCSI) survey serves as a crucial tool for assessing customer experiences and offering valuable feedback on the quality of goods and services provided across various sectors of the economy.

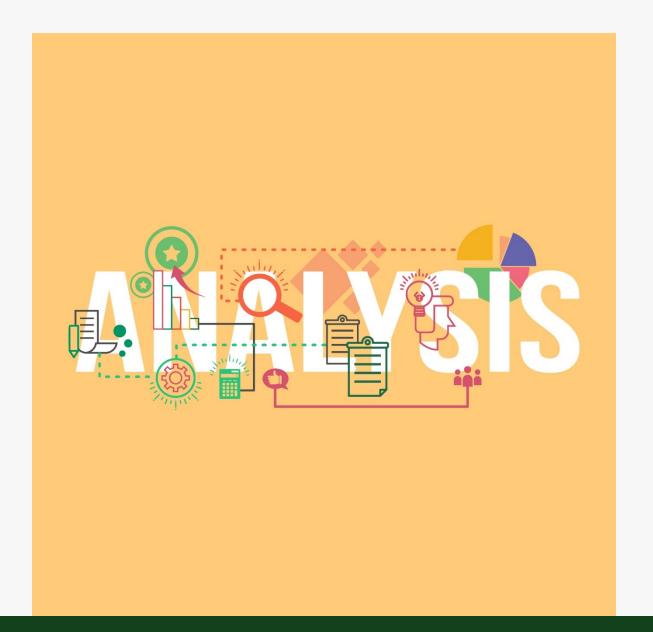
This year's report is structured around eight key indicators of customer experience, forming a robust framework for measuring and articulating the genuine interactions customers have with businesses. By analyzing these elements, the assessment aims to identify the factors that drive customer satisfaction, loyalty, and the link between positive experiences and brand advocacy.

The ultimate goal is to gain deeper insights into the customer journey across different industries, enabling organizations to refine their service delivery. The findings from this report provide businesses with actionable intelligence to better align their offerings with customer needs and expectations, fostering long-term engagement and satisfaction.



OUR APPROACH

This year, the Nigeria Customer Service Index gathered data from a broad range of respondents through a web-based questionnaire. Participants were asked to evaluate their customer service experiences across multiple sectors of the economy. By utilizing quantitative research methods and random sampling techniques, the survey ensures a representative dataset, providing an accurate assessment of customer service performance across these sectors.



PART I

Introduction and Methodology

Introduction

The Nigeria Customer Service Index (NCSI) serves as a national benchmark for evaluating customer perceptions of the quality of products and services across the country. This index captures insights from both Nigerian citizens and non-Nigerians residing in Nigeria, offering a comprehensive view of customer satisfaction and service delivery. In its latest edition, NCSI 2024 assesses customer experiences, the factors influencing satisfaction, and their broader impact across key economic sectors.

Compiled by the West African Association of Customer Service Professionals (WAACSP) in collaboration with an independent research and consulting firm, this report provides a cross-sectoral analysis of customer experiences. By establishing a standardized framework for evaluating service quality, the NCSI continues to serve as a valuable tool for measuring and improving customer satisfaction across various industries.

Overview of the NCSI Methodology

The NCSI model is built on a cause-and-effect framework, where customer experience metrics serve as the driving factors, and the resulting levels of satisfaction and loyalty form the outcomes. Utilizing a quantitative research design and a randomized sampling approach, data collection was conducted throughout the year via both online and offline channels. A significant number of responses were gathered, with rigorous data validation ensuring the accuracy of the findings.

To analyze the data, scripts were developed for cleaning and modeling, with visualizations generated using Microsoft Power BI. Customer experience scores were converted into percentiles, with weighted adjustments to reflect the importance of each metric as indicated by respondents.

Additionally, the NCSI incorporates measures of customer effort and includes the Net Promoter Score (NPS) to evaluate customer advocacy. Respondents rated their experiences using a structured scale, with a separate recommendation question assessing the likelihood of endorsing an organization to others. These insights provide organizations with actionable data to refine their service strategies and improve overall customer satisfaction.

Objectives of the Survey

The survey set out to:

1. Gain a deep understanding of customer motivations, changing needs, and the importance of customer experience metrics to customers.

2. Identify the factors that impact customer satisfaction in various industries and how they affect loyalty.

3. Provide businesses with a clear and intuitive understanding of how to improve customer experience in various industries.

- 4. Determine the channels through which customer experience occurs and offer improvement strategies to enhance the customer experience across sectors.
- 5. To determine Nigeria's overall progress in customer service as time goes on



The Survey

Scope of the Survey

The survey covered a broad spectrum of businesses across all major economic sectors in Nigeria, ensuring representation from companies operating nationwide, including all states. To enhance coverage, the questionnaire featured a curated list of notable organizations within each sector. However, respondents were also given the flexibility to nominate any other businesses they considered significant, even if those were not pre-listed.

This allowed open-ended approach participants to share insights on businesses most relevant to their experiences, contributing to a well-rounded evaluation of customer service across industries. Βv embracing inclusivity in data collection, the survey aimed to present a comprehensive reflection of customer sentiment and engagement across Nigeria's economic landscape.

Limitations of the Survey

Despite its broad reach, the survey encountered a few challenges, including:

1. Variations in response volumes across businesses, necessitating the use of weighting techniques to maintain balanced representation in the final analysis.

2. A higher concentration of respondents from Lagos and Abuja, which may have led to limited representation of customer experiences from other regions.

3. The inability to meet target quotas for some sectors, meaning certain industries may not be fully represented in the overall findings.

Quality Control Measures

To maintain data integrity, a multi-layered quality control system was implemented to prevent duplicate submissions from the same respondent. Individuals who completed a questionnaire for one sector were given the choice to either take another survey for a different sector or exit the survey after completing the demographic section.

If they opted to take another survey, they were redirected to the beginning to select a new sector, ensuring that responses remained structured and relevant. These measures helped safeguard the credibility of the data while allowing respondents to contribute meaningfully across multiple sectors..

The Survey

To uphold data accuracy and prevent duplicate submissions, strict verification measures were implemented throughout the survey process. Each respondent was limited to a single recorded entry per sector unless they deliberately opted to participate in another sector's survey.

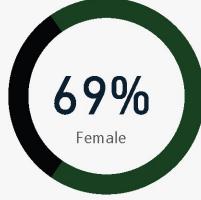
To further reinforce data integrity, advanced tracking mechanisms were used to identify and eliminate duplicate responses. Additionally, an electronic log of devices used to complete the survey was maintained, ensuring that no individual could submit multiple entries within a single day. These safeguards helped preserve the credibility and reliability of the survey results.

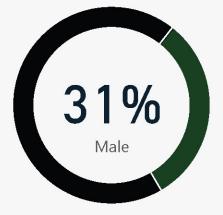




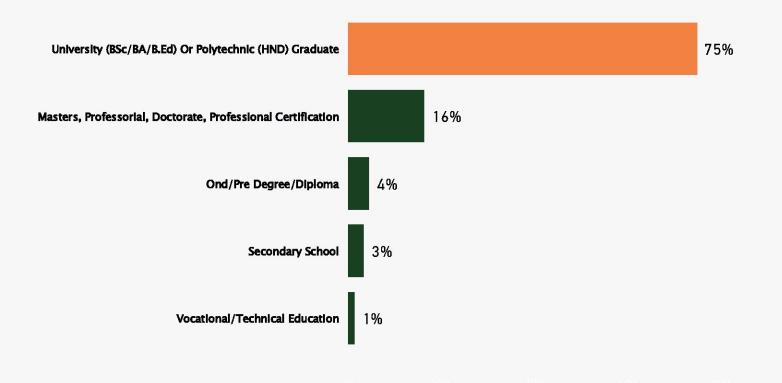
DEMOGRAPHICS







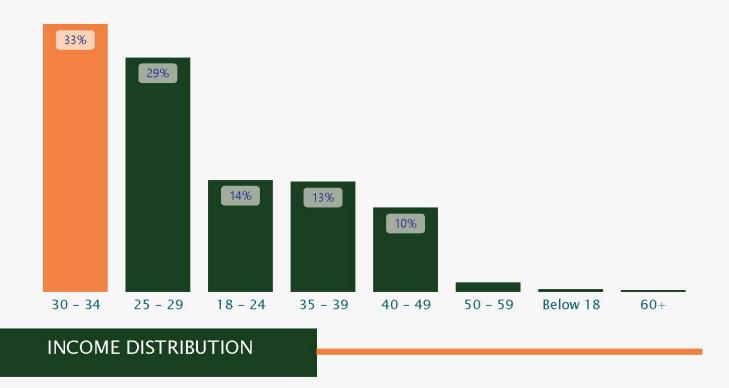
EDUCATION





DEMOGRAPHICS

Age Range of Respondents



Distribution of Income Groups





COMPARISON WITH LAST YEAR – SECTOR SCORES

SECTOR	2023 COUNT	2024 COUNT
E-COMMERCE	613	1065 🔺
EDUCATION	0	1116 🔺
FINANCE	2005	3205 🔺
HEALTHCARE	729	1405 🔺
HOSPITALITY	413	1368 🔺
INSURANCE	348	431 🔺
POWER	696	1377 🔺
PUBLIC SECTOR	770	1104 🔺
REAL ESTATE	0	471 🔺
SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT	0	743 🔺
TELECOMMUNICATIONS	613	2317 🔺
TRANSPORTATION	1023	1610 🔺



COMPARISON WITH LAST YEAR – SECTOR SCORES

SECTOR	2023 SECTOR SCORE	2024 SECTOR SCORE
E-COMMERCE	68%	60% 🔶
EDUCATION	0%	69% 个
FINANCE	66%	72% 个
HEALTHCARE	62%	70% 个
HOSPITALITY	73%	72% 🔶
INSURANCE	69%	71% 个
POWER	5 5%	61% 个
PUBLIC SECTOR	47%	63% 个
REAL ESTATE	0%	62% 个
SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT	0%	69% 个
TELECOMMUNICATIONS	5 8%	63% 个
TRANSPORTATION	61%	73% 个

The Survey

How the Nigeria Customer Service Index (NCSI) is calculated

The NCSI is derived from eight key customer experience metrics: Trust, Branch Availability, Branding and Appearance, Competence, Complaint Resolution, Ease of Doing Business, Processes and Procedures, Professionalism, and Customer-Centered Innovations. Respondents evaluate their experiences with organizations based on these criteria.

For each sector, the satisfaction index is determined by calculating the average score across all customer experience metrics, converting it into percentiles, and applying a weighting system that reflects the perceived importance of each factor. These weightings are based on what respondents consider most essential for a positive customer service experience. The final sector score is obtained by averaging the scores of all businesses within that sector. The overall NCSI score is then computed as the percentile mean of all sector scores.

The organizations highlighted in the following section are the highest-rated businesses, each of which received feedback from more than 50 respondents. However, the overall sector scores take into account all organizations assessed in the survey, regardless of the number of responses they received.





PART II

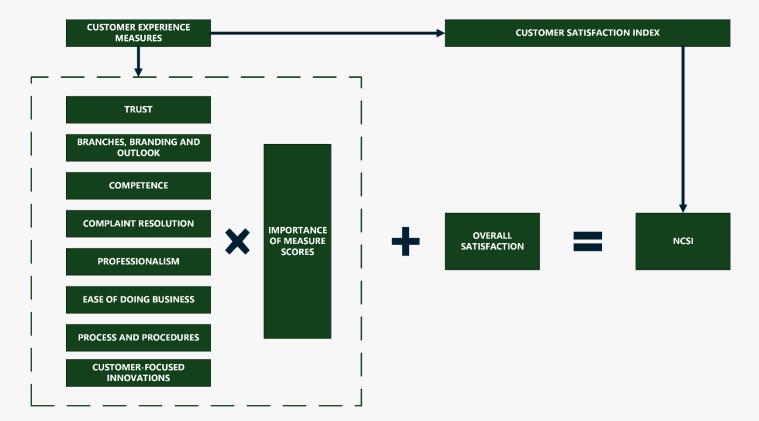
The NCSI Model

The Model

The Nigeria Customer Service Index (NCSI) is a comprehensive framework designed to measure customer satisfaction across various incorporates lt multiple key sectors. indicators, including Trust, Branch Availability, Branding and Appearance, Complaint Resolution, Competence, Ease of Doing Business, Processes and Procedures, Professionalism, and Customer-Centered Innovations.

At the core of this model is the Customer Satisfaction Index, with contributing factors on one side representing the drivers of satisfaction and outcome-based metrics on the other, reflecting the results of customer experiences.

Each metric is assessed on a scale of 1 to 7, with the average scores converted into percentiles. Additionally, a weighting system is applied to account for the relative importance of each factor in shaping overall customer satisfaction.



The Customer Service Metrics

Branches, Branding, and Outlook – This metric evaluates the physical environment of an organization, including the appearance of its premises (both interior and exterior), branding consistency, ventilation, and overall ambiance. It also considers the grooming, approachability, and professionalism of employees, including third-party staff such as security personnel and janitorial workers.

Trust – Customer trust is built on a company's ability to create meaningful connections through transparency, reliability, honesty, and sensitivity to customer needs. A trustworthy organization fosters confidence by consistently demonstrating ethical behavior and dependability in its interactions.

Professionalism – This refers to the quality of service delivered by employees, encompassing courteous behavior, a helpful and patient attitude, respect for customers, and a willingness to actively listen and address concerns in a constructive manner.

Competence – A company's ability to provide effective service is dependent on its employees' knowledge and expertise. This includes a solid understanding of the company's products and services, as well as the capability to resolve customer issues efficiently and accurately.

Customer-Focused Innovations – This measures an organization's commitment to innovation with the customer in mind. It includes improvements in products, services, or processes that enhance customer experiences, aiming to meet evolving needs faster and more effectively than before.



The Customer Service Metrics

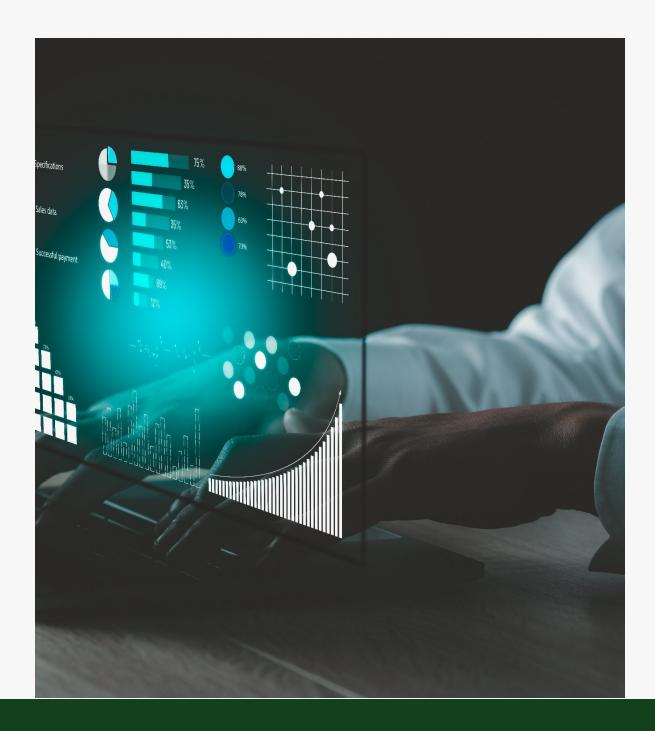
Staff Engagement – This assesses the level of commitment and enthusiasm employees bring to their roles, particularly in customer interactions. It reflects the strength of the emotional and mental connection employees have with their work, their teams, and the customers they serve.

Complaint Resolution – The effectiveness of a company's approach to handling customer complaints is crucial in determining service quality. This metric examines how promptly and efficiently customer grievances are addressed, ensuring issues are resolved in a way that improves overall satisfaction and fosters long-term trust.

Ease of Doing Business – This measures the accessibility and convenience of engaging with an organization, whether through in-person interactions, digital platforms, or other communication channels. It reflects how seamless and hassle-free the customer experience is.

Processes and Procedures – This metric evaluates the efficiency and clarity of an organization's internal workflows. It considers how well-defined and structured the company's policies and guidelines are, ensuring that service delivery is smooth, consistent, and customer-friendly.





PART III NCSI Results



፼ 67% Nigerian Customer Service Index

12 Sectors

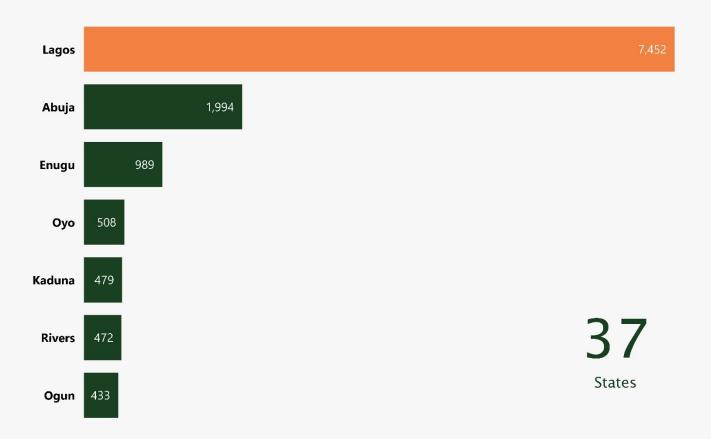
20**Subsectors**

Organizations

1.17K 16.21K Valid Responses

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Locations With The Most Responses





PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY SCORE

FINANCE	20%
TELECOMMUNICATIONS	14%
TRANSPORTATION	10%
HEALTHCARE	9%
POWER	8%
HOSPITALITY	8%
EDUCATION	7%
PUBLIC SECTOR	7%
E-COMMERCE	7%
SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT	5%
REAL ESTATE	3%
INSURANCE	3%

E-Commerce Sector

Nigeria's e-commerce sector is experiencing significant growth in 2024, driven by a large digital audience and widespread mobile internet usage. Internet penetration in the country stands at approximately 46%, with projections for further growth. Mobile devices account for over 84% of internet access and even higher percentages of online marketplace visits, reflecting the increasing reliance on smartphones for e-commerce activities. Despite the limited penetration of credit cards, with only 1.7% of men and 1.6% of women owning one, e-commerce continues to expand. Popular purchases include electronics and fashion items such as clothing, shoes, bags, and accessories, with online marketplace visits exceeding 242 million [1].

One of the most notable trends is the substantial growth of Nigeria's fashion e-

commerce market, which is expected to reach \$423 million in 2024. This sector alone constitutes 19% of the total e-commerce market and is projected to continue growing at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 8.2%, reaching \$579.9 million by 2028 [2].

However, the sector faces several challenges that threaten its growth. These include cybercrime, unreliable logistics infrastructure, inadequate payment systems, and low inconsistent consumer trust. Additionally, regulatory policies, poor broadband coverage in rural areas, and the lack of proper internet access equipment further hinder the sector's development. The continued success of Nigeria's e-commerce market will depend on overcoming these barriers and enhancing consumer confidence [3].

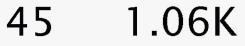










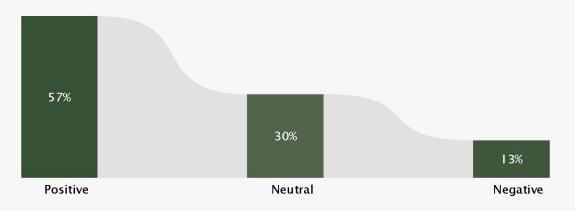


Sector Score

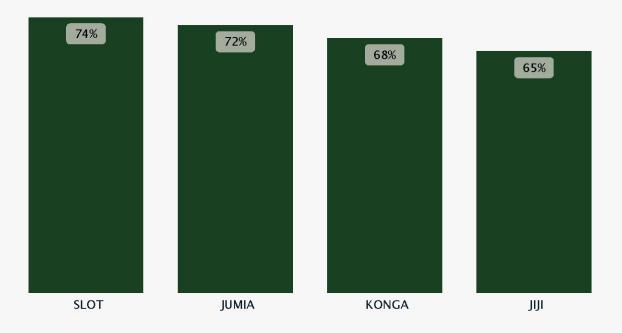
Organizations

Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service



TOP ORGANISATIONS



Telecommunication Sector

Nigeria's telecommunications sector in 2024 is characterized by significant growth and expansion, although challenges persist. The sector's GDP growth rate is projected at 14%, driven by increased demand for data services and the mobile sector's contribution to the digital economy [4]. With a rapid shift from voice to data services, the market is expected to continue its growth trajectory, supported by increasing internet penetration and mobile data adoption.

Despite its growth potential, the telecommunications industry faces several challenges, including high operating costs, multiple taxes, and regulatory burdens, which stifle profitability and infrastructure development [5].

Additionally, inconsistent power supply and limited broadband coverage in rural areas hinder effective service delivery, impacting the sector's ability to reach all Nigerians. The regulatory landscape remains complex, with dominant operators required to adhere to various compliance measures, which sometimes hinder competition and innovation [6].

However, the sector also presents significant opportunities. The rise of mobile broadband services, advancements in 5G technology, and the expansion of internet connectivity to underserved areas offer prospects for future growth. The government's ongoing efforts to address regulatory concerns, such as the 2020-2025, National Broadband Plan are expected to alleviate some of the current challenges and enable inclusive more development [7].





TELECOMMUNICATIONS



Sector Score

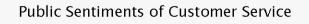
Organizations

Subsectors

2

2.32K

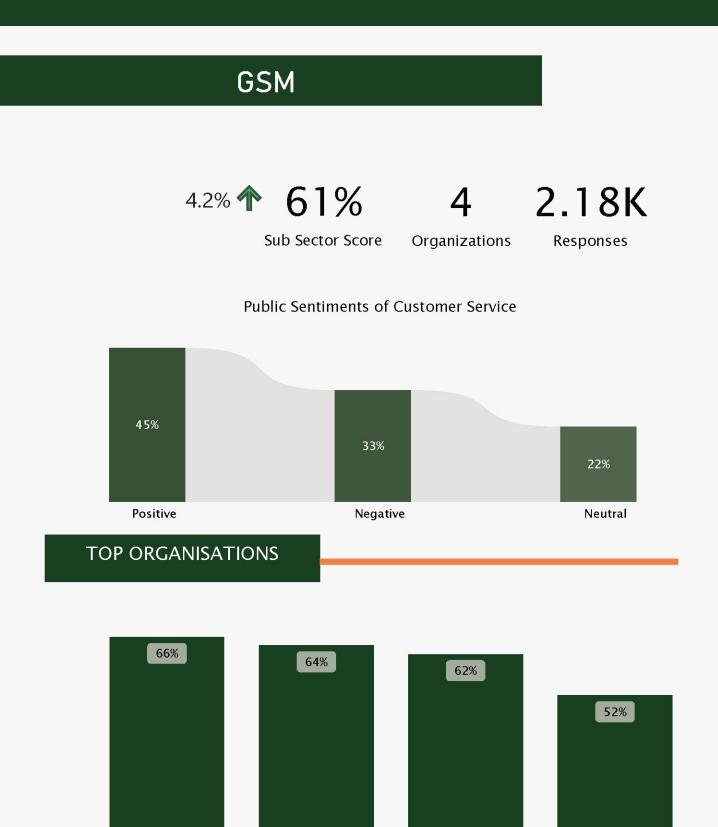
Responses





61%
71%





AIRTEL

GLOBACOM

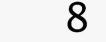
MTN

9MOBILE



ISP



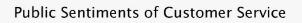


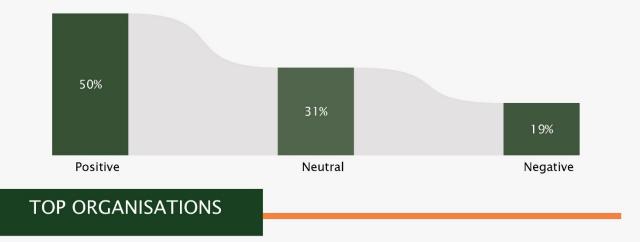


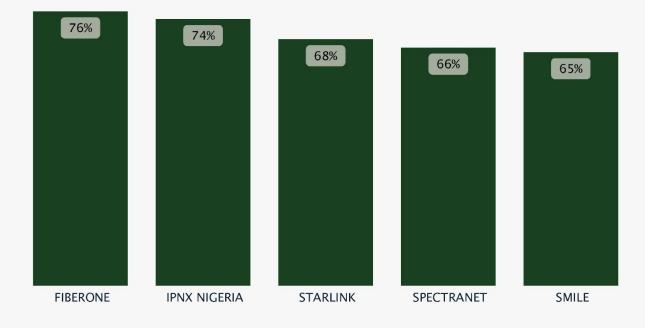
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses







Healthcare Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's healthcare sector saw significant reforms, with a strong emphasis on improving access to guality care. President Tinubu's administration prioritized healthcare, unveiling plans for substantial investments to address longstanding challenges, including inadequate infrastructure, workforce shortages, and insufficient facilities [8]. The 2024 federal budget allocated considerable resources to government's healthcare, signaling the commitment to these issues [9]. Furthermore, the World Bank approved new financing aimed at improving health outcomes, particularly in rural areas, and enhancing the safety of dams and irrigation systems, both crucial for public health [10].

However, significant challenges persisted. The healthcare system continued to face underfunding, a lack of adequate infrastructure, and workforce shortages, particularly in rural areas. The healthcare workforce also struggled with low morale and a lack of confidence in the system, which contributed to the ongoing brain drain of healthcare professionals Despite these challenges, the outlook for Nigeria's healthcare sector in 2024 remained optimistic. The government's focus on both immediate improvements and long-term reforms was seen as a step in the right direction. If the planned and reforms were effectively investments implemented, Nigeria's healthcare system was poised for meaningful progress in addressing the needs of its population. [11].









Sector Score

Organizations

Subsectors

2

1.41K Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service



Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
PRIVATE HEALTH INSTITUTION	70%
PUBLIC HEALTH INSTITUTION	57%



PUBLIC HEALTH INSTITUTION

^{3.2%} **↑ 57% 134 0.75**K

Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service



63% 59% 57% 53% UNIVERSITY OF ABUJA LAGOS STATE **GENERAL HOSPITAL** LAGOS UNIVERSITY TEACHING HOSPITAL UNIVERSITY TEACHING NAFADA, GOMBE TEACHING HOSPITAL (UATH) HOSPITAL (LASUTH) STATE (LUTH)



PRIVATE HEALTH INSTITUTION

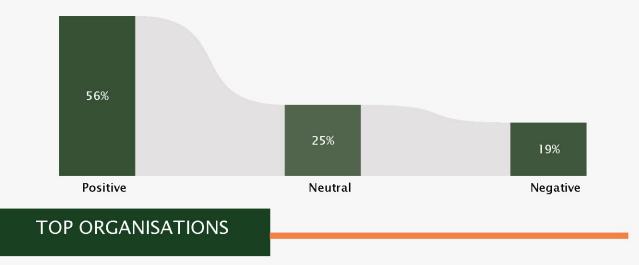
-1.6% **→** 70% 196 0.66K

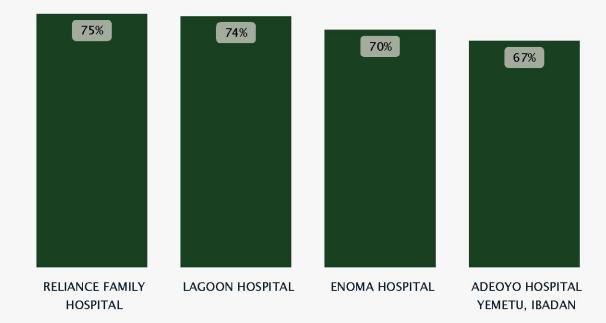
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service





Financial Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's financial sector continued to evolve, reflecting both improvements and persistent challenges. The sector showed resilience, driven by innovations in fintech, an expanding banking landscape, and stronger regulatory frameworks. The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) played a pivotal role in implementing policies aimed at stabilizing the sector, despite challenges such as inflation and external economic pressures [12].

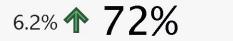
One of the significant improvements in the financial sector was the continued growth of digital banking and mobile money services. Financial inclusion efforts, especially through fintech platforms, were supported by new regulations aimed at simplifying digital payments and promoting innovation. In 2024, the sector saw an increase in mobile banking users, with fintech startups attracting more investments [13].

However, several challenges remained. The banking sector still faced regulatory complexities, with concerns over money laundering and fraud, despite improvements in laundering anti-money frameworks. Additionally, the financial sector struggled with high-interest rates, which adversely impacted businesses and consumers alike. Many banks also dealt with a lack of trust from the public due to previous economic instability, leading to low confidence in banking services [14]. While the government made strides in improving access to banking services in rural areas, widespread internet connectivity issues and low financial literacy hindered broader adoption [15].











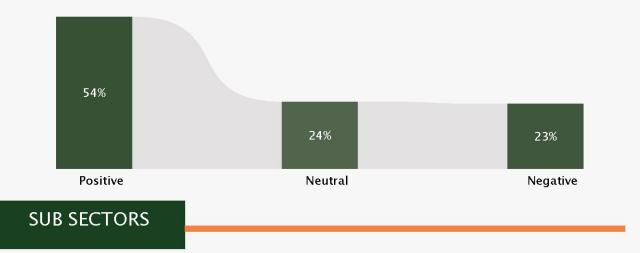


Organizations Subsectors

57 2 3.18K

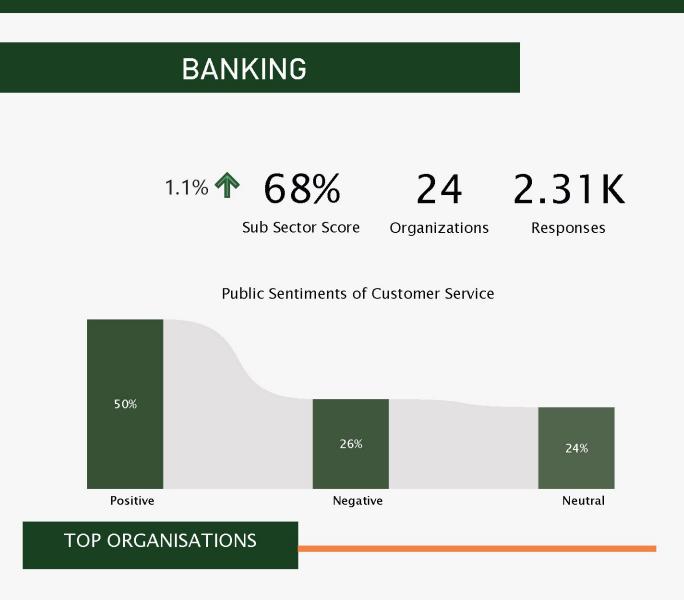
Responses

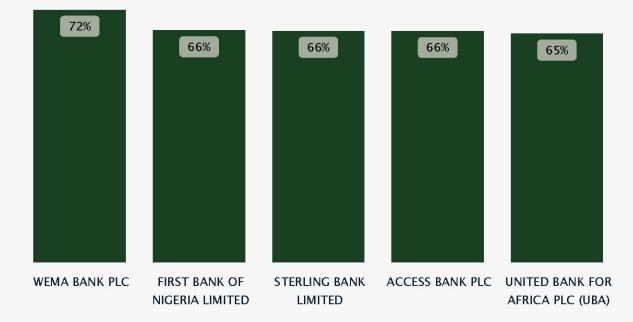
Public Sentiments of Customer Service



	Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
BANKING		68%
FINTECH		69%















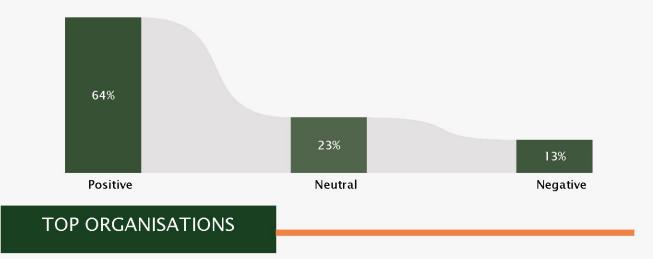


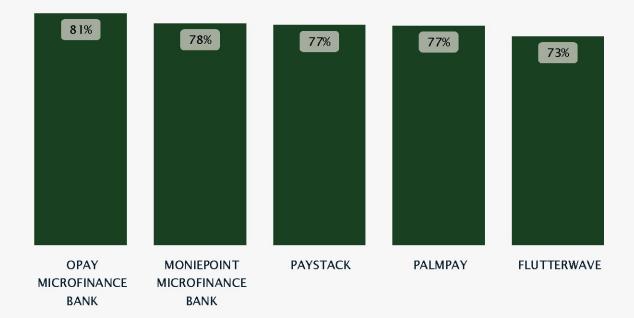
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service





Power Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's power sector showed some signs of progress, particularly through efforts to stabilize electricity supply and enhance regulatory frameworks. The National Electricity Regulatory Commission (NERC) made notable strides in implementing policies aimed at improving market transparency and addressing tariff issues [16]. Despite this, the sector continued to face immense challenges, with persistent electricity supply instability and outdated infrastructure.

The National Integrated Power Projects (NIPP) and other initiatives attempted to improve power generation, but these efforts remained insufficient to meet the growing demand. Generating companies (GenCos) still faced difficulties related to underfunding, gas supply shortages, and poor infrastructure [17].

The challenges also extended to the financial health of power companies. The sector remained heavily dependent on government subsidies, and high debts in the value chain compounded its financial instability [18]. In addition, issues related to poor governance, regulatory inconsistencies, and the lack of an effective billing system continued to affect customer satisfaction and revenue generation.







^{6.5%} **↑**61% 16 1.38K

Sector Score

Organizations

Responses





Insurance Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's insurance sector faced a year of turbulence, reflecting both challenges and opportunities. The sector struggled with growth stagnation, driven by rising operational costs and a challenging macroeconomic environment. However. there were positive some developments, particularly in regulatory frameworks and industry compliance. The National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) made strides in strengthening market oversight and improving the sector's governance [19].

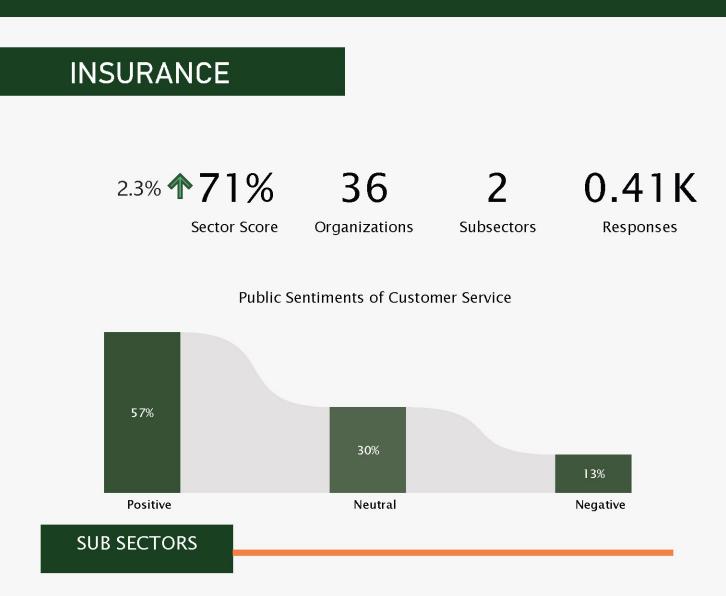
Despite these efforts, the insurance market experienced a decline in performance, with a significant drop in the uptake of policies. Many insurers faced financial pressure due to high inflation, foreign exchange instability, and weak purchasing power among consumers. This resulted in reduced premiums and a contraction in the overall market size, with insurers finding it increasingly difficult to meet claims due to mounting operational costs [20].

The sector's challenges were compounded by a low penetration rate, with many Nigerians still not fully aware of the benefits of insurance. Furthermore, the regulatory environment remained inconsistent, with insurers continuing to grapple with high taxes and compliance costs [21]. Although there was growth in the health insurance sub-sector, this was overshadowed by the overall downturn in the industry.

However, the insurance sector showed resilience in the face of these difficulties. Efforts to increase digitalization and expand access to micro-insurance products indicated a path forward for broader financial inclusion [22].





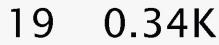


Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
GENERAL INSURANCE	67%
HEALTH MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION	60%



GENERAL INSURANCE

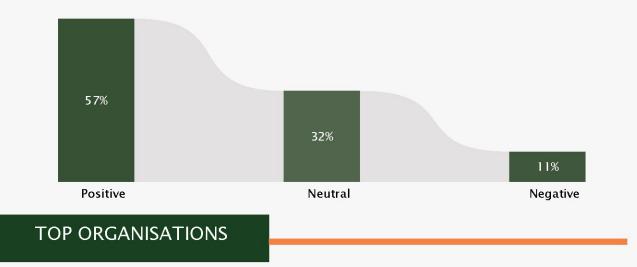


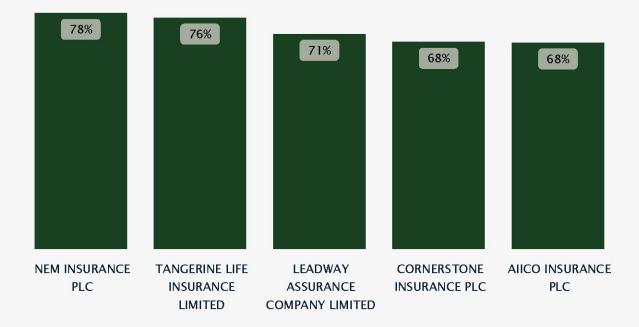


Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses







HEALTH MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

-8.6% 60%





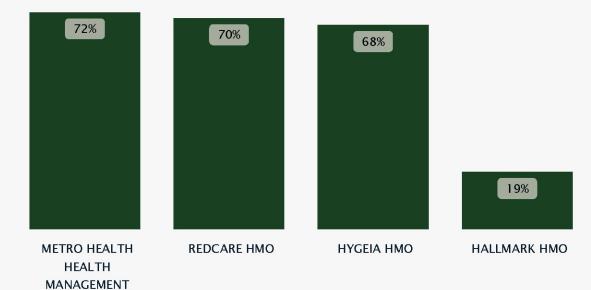
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses

Public Sentiments of Customer Service





ORGANIZATION

Public Sector

Nigeria's public sector faced a year marked by economic challenges, budgetary constraints, and governance issues. As the second-largest economy in Africa, Nigeria continued to struggle with a widening fiscal deficit, projecting substantial budgetary shortfalls [23].

The government's inability to generate sufficient revenue while facing high debt servicing costs further strained public finances. Consequently, there were growing concerns about the sustainability of the national budget and its impact on critical public services.

Despite these fiscal challenges, the Nigerian government pursued key reforms aimed at stabilizing the economy and attracting foreign investment. The country's commitment to improving governance, combating corruption, and creating a more conducive business environment was underscored by various initiatives to enhance transparency and accountability [24].

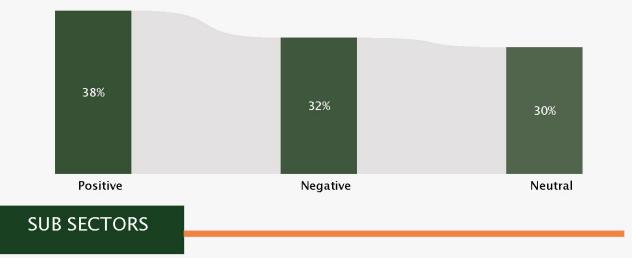
The public sector also faced ongoing issues of inefficiency, with bureaucratic delays and the misallocation of resources hindering service delivery. The World Bank pointed to the need for structural reforms in areas such as public financial management, which could improve the effectiveness of government spending [25].









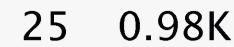


Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
EMBASSIES & MISSIONS ABROAD	69%
GOVERNMENT MINISTRIES & AGENCIES	58%



GOVERNMENT MINISTRIES & AGENCIES

19.7% **个 58%**

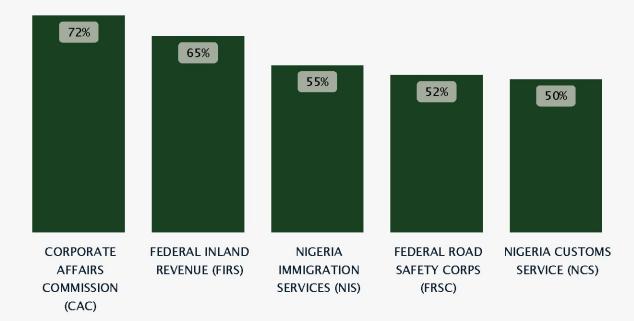


Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses







EMBASSIES & MISSIONS ABROAD

8.6% 1 69%

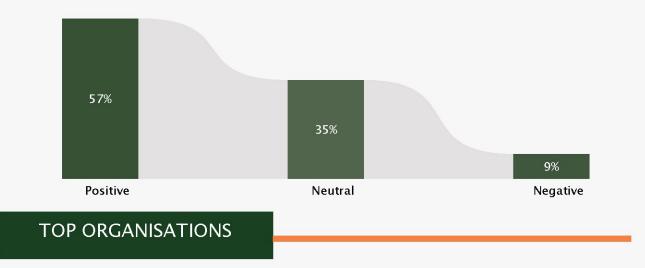


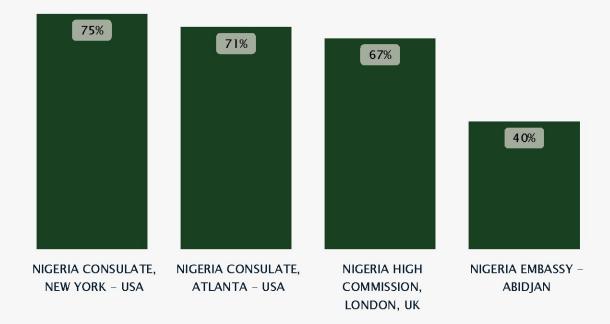


Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses





Transportation Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's transportation sector made notable strides, with a focus on transitioning to sustainable mass transit systems and the growing adoption of clean energy vehicles. The Nigerian government worked on modernizing its public transportation network, aiming to develop a sustainable and efficient system for urban areas [27].

Efforts to support electric vehicles (EVs) were also prioritized, with initiatives aimed at making EVs more affordable and accessible to the general public, supporting the country's transition to a greener future [28]. However, challenges persisted in the sector. Despite the positive developments, poor infrastructure, traffic congestion, and insufficient investment in public transit remained significant obstacles.

Nigeria's road network was still plagued by dilapidated roads, affecting the overall efficiency of transport systems [29]. Moreover, the rising cost of vehicle ownership, alongside limited charging infrastructure for electric vehicles, posed barriers to widespread adoption of clean energy options.



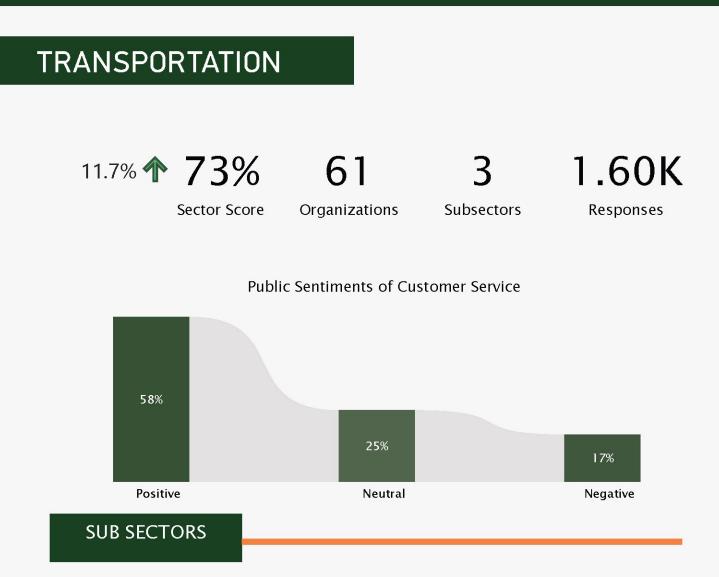
Transportation Sector

Ride-hailing services continued to be an essential component of Nigeria's transportation landscape in 2024. According to Statista, the Nigerian ride-hailing market generated approximately USD 1.3 billion in 2024, with projections estimating continued growth, potentially reaching USD 2.1 billion by 2028 [30].

Looking ahead, Nigeria's transportation sector aims to address these infrastructure and regulatory challenges, with plans to enhance urban mobility and integrate sustainable practices. Investments in clean transport options and infrastructure development will play a critical role in the sector's long-term growth and success.

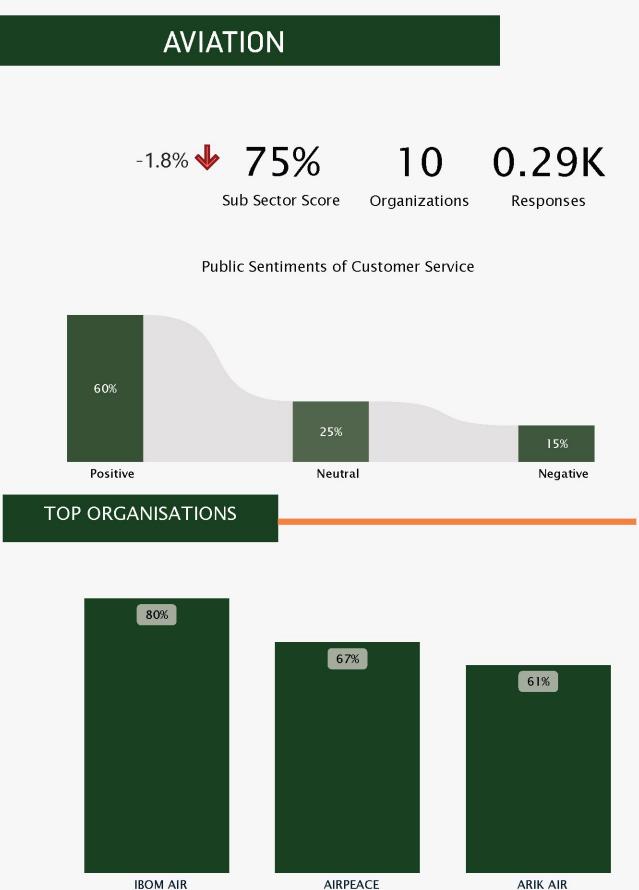






	Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
AVIATION		75%
INTER-STATE		66%
INTRA-CITY		61%





ARIK AIR



INTER-STATE

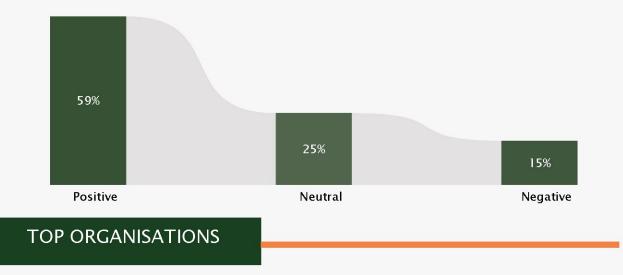
6.2% **↑** 66% 38 0.63K

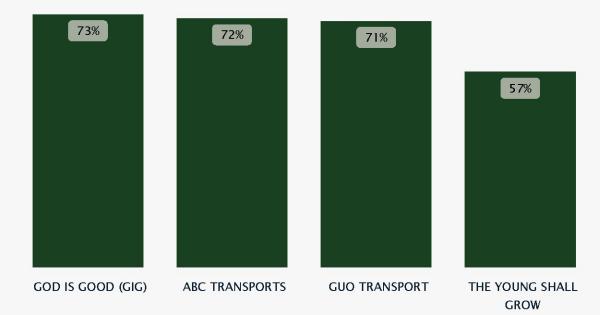


Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses







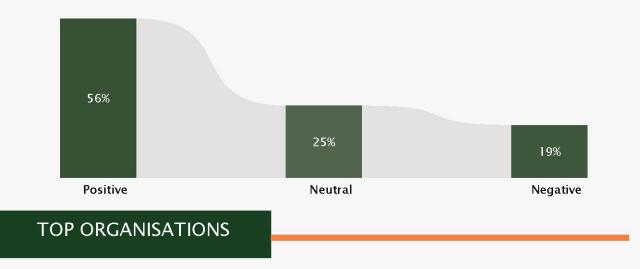
INTRA-CITY

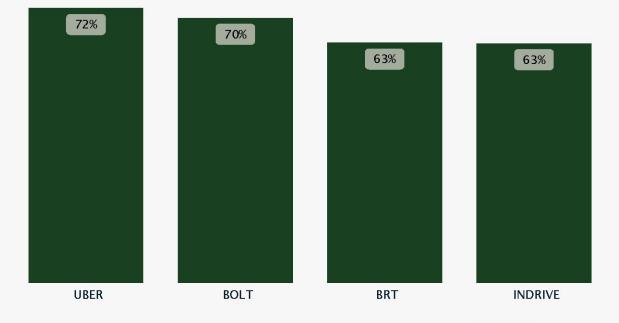
^{7.6%} **↑** 61% 13 0.67K

Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses





Hospitality Sector

In 2024, Nigeria's hospitality sector saw significant growth, with the country rising to second place in Africa for hotel development by room numbers, reflecting the expanding demand for accommodations and hospitality services. This growth was fueled by both domestic and international investments, with the addition of new hotels and resorts throughout the country Major cities like Lagos, Abuja, and Port Harcourt benefited from this boom, while new hotel deals continue to emerge as the sector attracts more stakeholders [31].

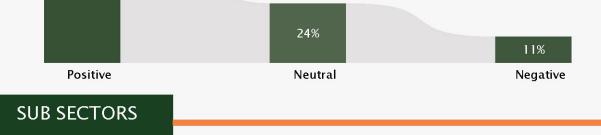
The Nigerian hospitality sector also experienced growth in the tourism market, bolstered by improved infrastructure, such as transportation and energy, alongside government support for the sector. The Nigerian Tourism Development Corporation (NTDC) contributed to fostering this development through marketing and promotional efforts aimed at increasing international visitors [32].

However, challenges persist. Regulatory compliance remained a significant hurdle, particularly for small-scale hospitality operators, with varying regulations across states causing confusion inefficiencies. and Despite improvements, the sector still faced challenges with infrastructure, such as inconsistent power supply, and security concerns, which impacted both domestic and international tourists. Moreover, competition from informal operators, who often do not adhere to the same regulations, posed further challenges for formal businesses in the industry. [33].









Sub Sector	Sub Sector Score
HOTELS, PARKS, RESORTS	75%
LOUNGES AND EATERIES	73%



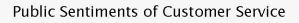
HOTELS, PARKS, RESORTS

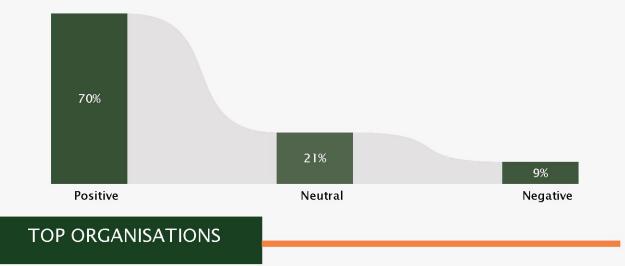
^{2.3%} **↑ 75% 216 0.68K**

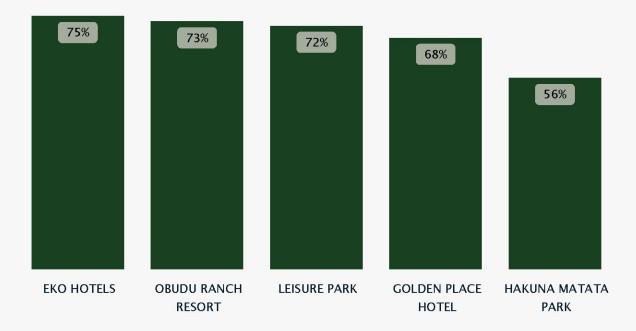
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses









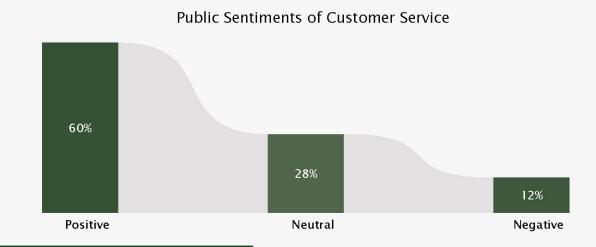
LOUNGES AND EATERIES



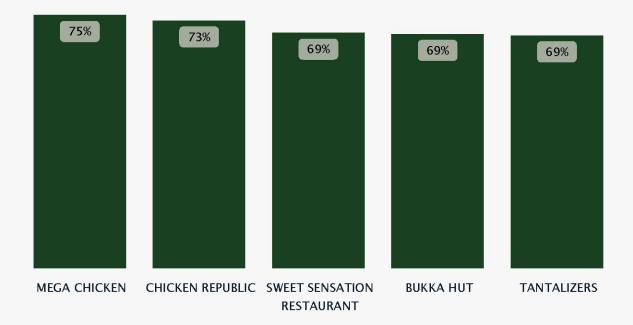
Sub Sector Score

Organizations

Responses



TOP ORGANISATIONS



Education Sector (Public Universities)

In 2024, Nigeria's public university sector saw both expansion challenges. The and government approved the establishment of new public universities, increasing access to higher education. This growth aimed to address the rising demand for tertiary education, with enrollment numbers reaching new highs across various institutions [34]. Additionally, investments in digital learning and research facilities improved academic standards, while partnerships with international organizations provided funding and opportunities for faculty development [35].

However, the sector faced major concerns over the rapid proliferation of public universities without corresponding improvements in funding and infrastructure. Many newly established institutions struggled with inadequate resources, staffing shortages, and poor facilities, raising concerns about declining educational quality [34]. Moreover, industrial actions by university staff, driven by grievances over unpaid salaries and poor working conditions, disrupted academic activities in several institutions [36].

Despite these issues, the government and the National Universities Commission (NUC) took steps to implement regulatory measures aimed at ensuring that new universities met minimum academic and infrastructural requirements before operation.



Education Sector (Private Universities)

Nigeria's private university sector continued its steady expansion, with new institutions receiving provisional licenses from the National Universities Commission (NUC) to operate. By the end of the year, the country had a total of 149 private universities, playing a crucial role in complementing the overstretched public higher education system [37]. These institutions accounted for about 10% of Nigeria's student population, highlighting their growing importance in providing alternative pathways for higher education [38].

Additionally, concerns arose over the regulatory oversight of these institutions. Reports indicated that some private universities without operated proper accreditation,[39].

Nevertheless, private universities continued to infrastructure lead in development and academic innovation. Many institutions invested heavily in research facilities, digital technologies, and learning international collaborations to enhance academic standards. NUC The also strengthened regulatory measures, granting licenses to only those institutions that its operational met requirements [40]. Going forward, the sector's success will depend on improved access to financial aid for students stricter and enforcement of quality assurance policies.









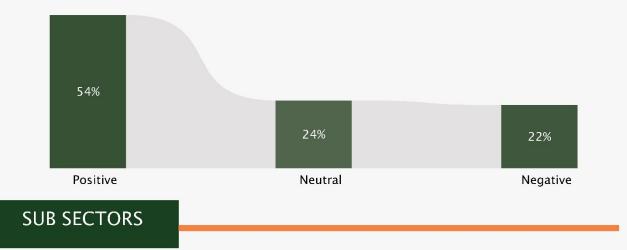




Sector Score

Organizations

Responses

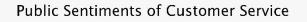


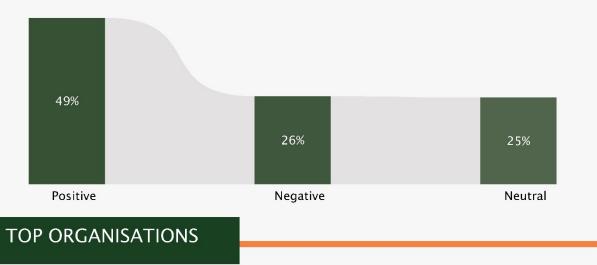
Sub See	ctor Sub Sector Score
PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES	70%
PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES	61%

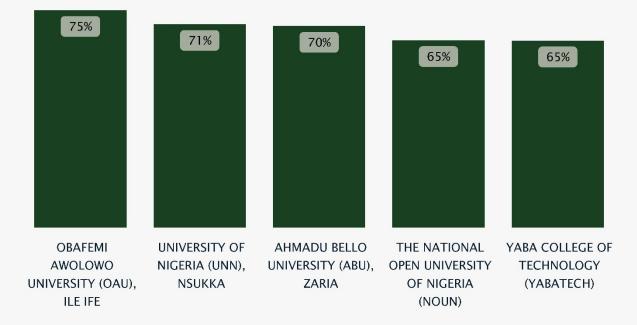


PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES





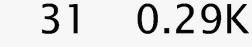






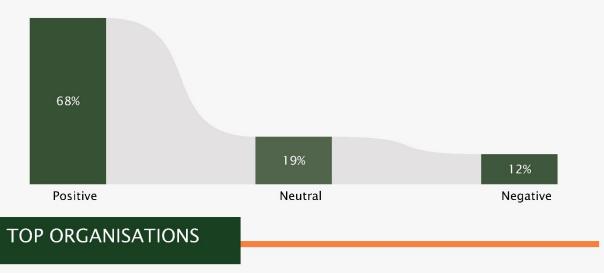
PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES

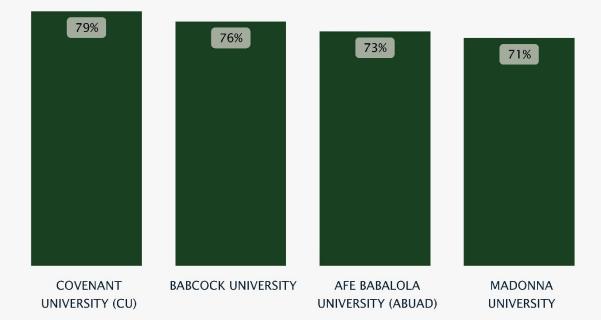




Organizations

Responses





Sports/Gaming Sector

Nigeria's sports notable sector saw developments, particularly in infrastructure and policy planning. The Federal Ministry of Sports Development introduced a new strategic plan aimed at improving sports governance, grassroots development, and elite athlete performance [41]. Investments were directed toward upgrading stadiums, with particular focus on facilities in Lagos and Abuja. Private sector involvement also grew, with increased sponsorships for domestic leagues and expanded partnerships with international sports organizations [42].

Despite these efforts, challenges persisted. Reports highlighted the continued decay of sports infrastructure, with many stadiums suffering from poor maintenance and underutilization [43].

such

as

issues

Additionally,

funding, lack of structured athlete development programs, and governance inefficiencies hindered Nigeria's potential on the global sports stage [44]. While the country remained a force in athletics and football, concerns grew over the lack of institutional support for emerging sports.

the gaming industry, sports betting In continued its rapid expansion. The sector remained highly lucrative, attracting both local and international operators. However, the regulatory framework remained complex, as licensing was issued on a state-by-state basis, leading to inconsistencies in enforcement [45]. The industry also faced growing concerns over responsible gambling, with calls for stronger consumer protection measures and oversight.



inadequate



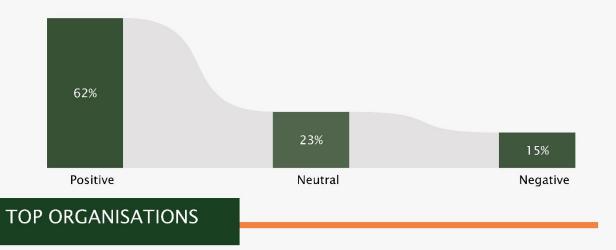
SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT

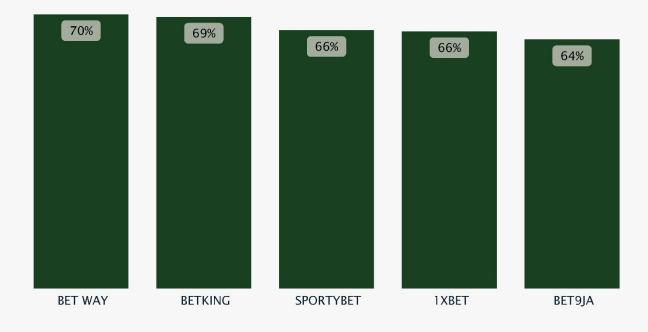


Sector Score

Organizations

Responses





Real Estate Sector

The Nigerian real estate sector in 2024 experienced both growth and setbacks. Valued at approximately ₦225 trillion, it remained a key contributor to the economy [46]. Investment opportunities emerged in commercial real estate, luxury housing, and industrial developments, particularly in Lagos and Abuja [47]. Government efforts to improve housing policies and mortgage financing also aimed to support the sector.

However, challenges persisted. The sector's GDP declined in Q1 due to rising construction costs, currency depreciation, and limited access to financing [48]. The affordability crisis worsened as property prices outpaced income growth. Developers struggled with material costs, while regulatory bottlenecks—such as complex land registration and legal disputes—

slowed transactions [49].

Despite these difficulties, the future outlook remains cautiously optimistic. Government initiatives to digitize property transactions and streamline regulations could improve transparency and attract further investment. If inflation stabilizes and interest rates become more favorable, real estate demand is expected to recover, particularly in residential and commercial segments [50].

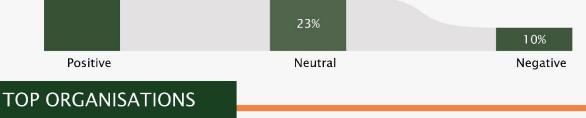
Addressing affordability and regulatory inefficiencies will be crucial for long-term stability. With strategic reforms, the sector could regain momentum, contributing more effectively to Nigeria's economic growth.

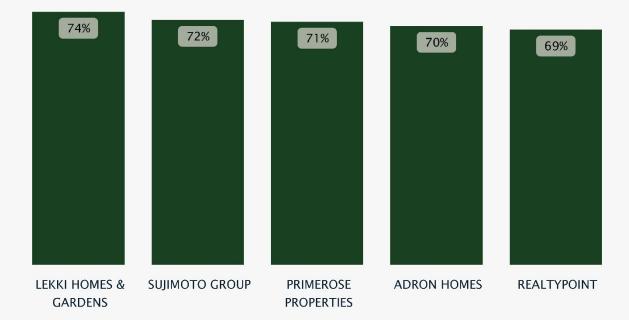














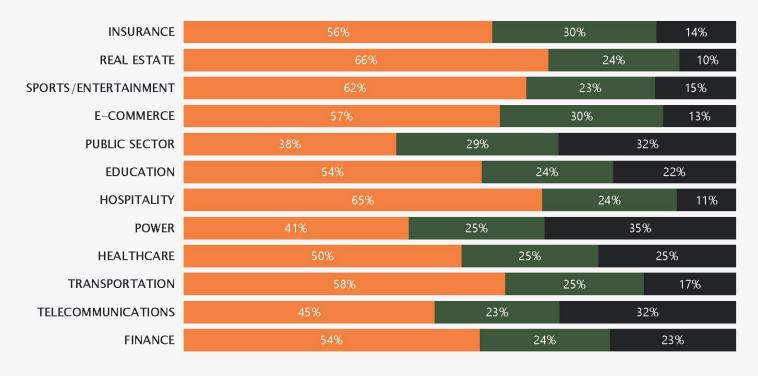
CROSS SECTOR COMPARISON



Sector Scores

IMPRESSION ON CUSTOMER SERVICE





Overall Cross Sector Comparisons

The 2024 Nigerian Customer Service Index (NCSI) provides a comprehensive evaluation of customer service performance across key sectors, offering insights into both sector-wide benchmarks and customer perceptions. This report highlights critical disparities in service delivery, underscoring opportunities for improvement and excellence.

Top Performers: Real Estate (75%) and Hospitality (74%) lead in overall sector scores, reflecting robust service frameworks. However, customer impressions reveal nuanced perceptions—Hospitality records 65% positive sentiment, slightly outpacing Real Estate (66% positive).

Mid-Tier Sectors: Banking (69%) and **Telecommunications** (68%) demonstrate moderate performance, though customer dissatisfaction is notable in **Telecommunications** (32% negative impressions). E-Commerce (72%) excels in sector score but trails in positive sentiment (57%), indicating gaps between operational metrics and customer experiences.

and Power (54%) rank lowest in sector scores, compounded by high negative impressions (32% and 35%, respectively). These sectors face urgent challenges in service quality and trustbuilding.

Perception Complexities: While Education and Healthcare share identical sector scores (64%), their positive sentiment diverges (54% vs. 50%), emphasizing that structural performance does not always align with customer satisfaction.

Implications

The data underscores the multifaceted nature of customer service, where sector scores and direct feedback may diverge. Stakeholders must prioritize not only operational efficiency but also proactive engagement to address negative perceptions. Sectors with lagging performance, particularly Public Services and Power, require targeted interventions to restore confidence.

Areas Needing Attention: Public Sector (60%)

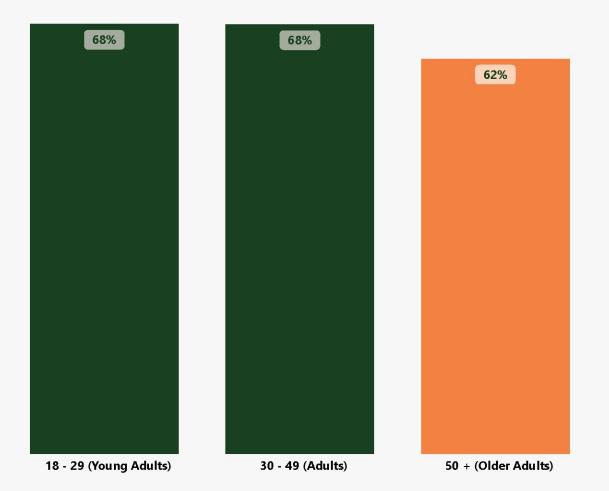


Customer Satisfaction Across Age Brackets

PART IV

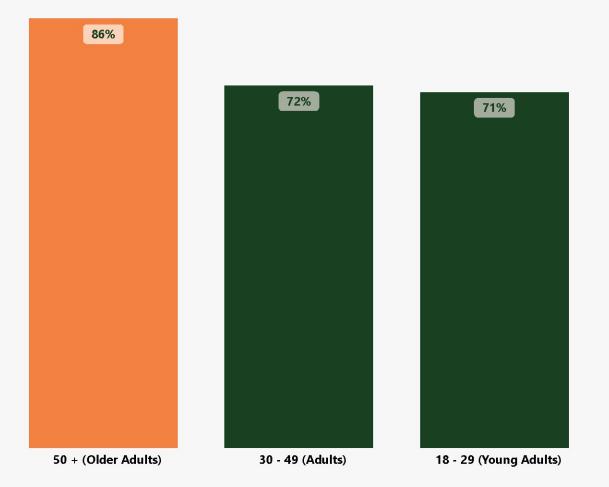


FINANCE



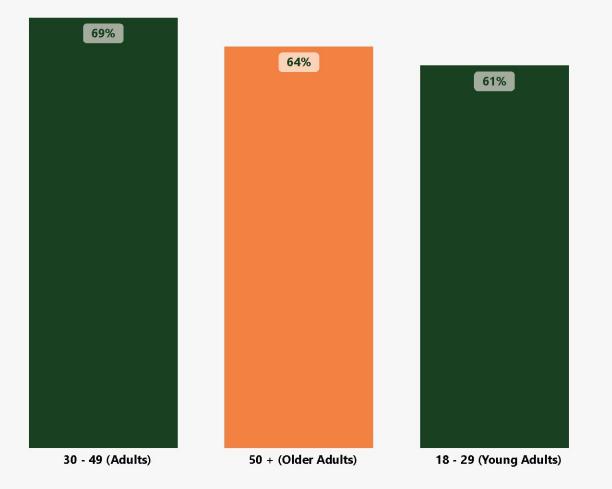


E-COMMERCE



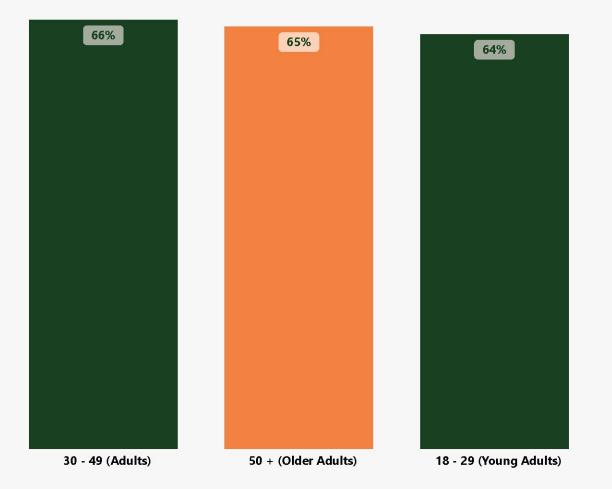


EDUCATION



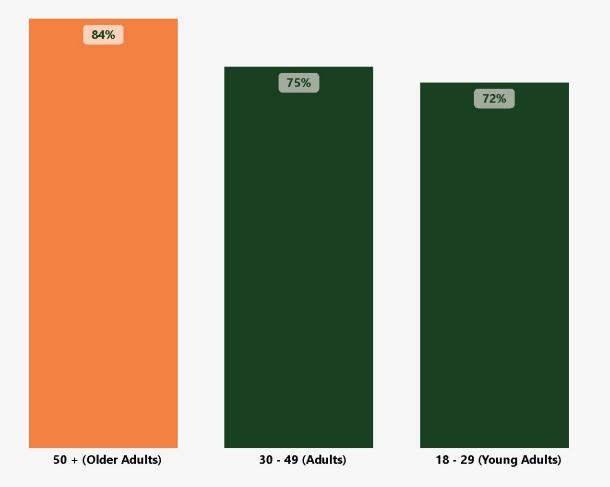


HEALTHCARE



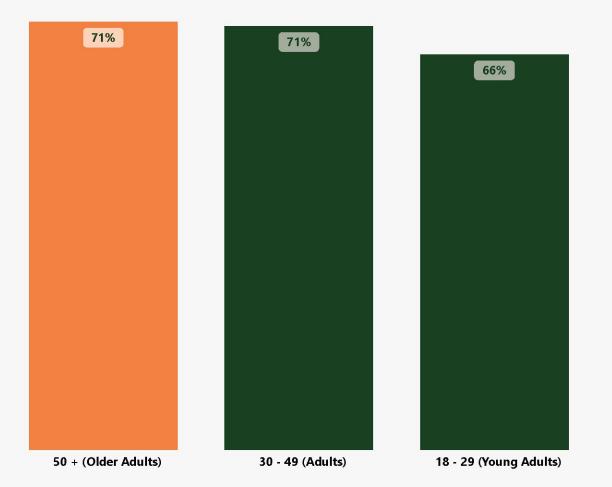


HOSPITALITY



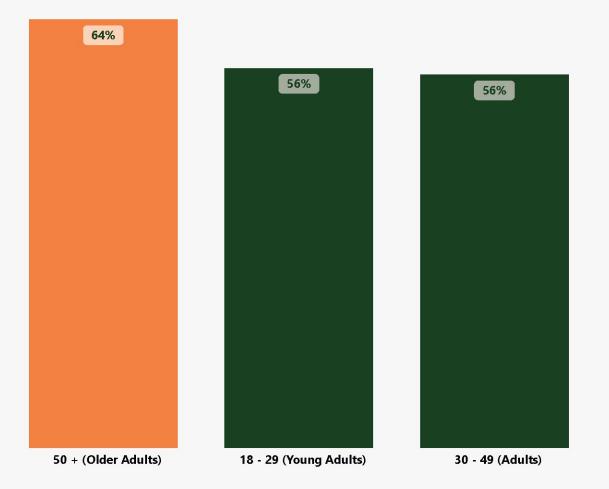


INSURANCE



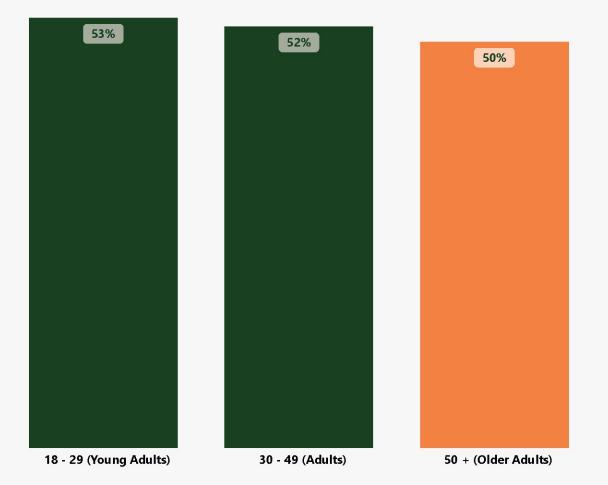


POWER



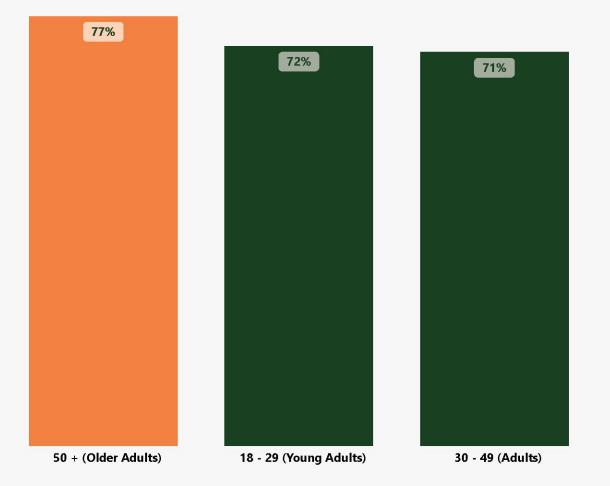


PUBLIC SECTOR



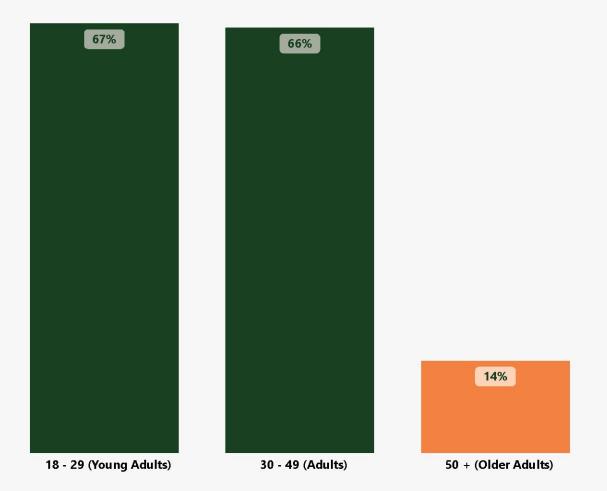
REAL ESTATE

NCSI



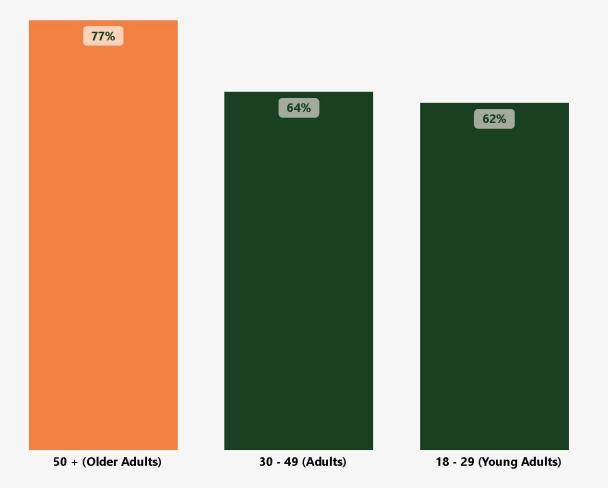


SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT



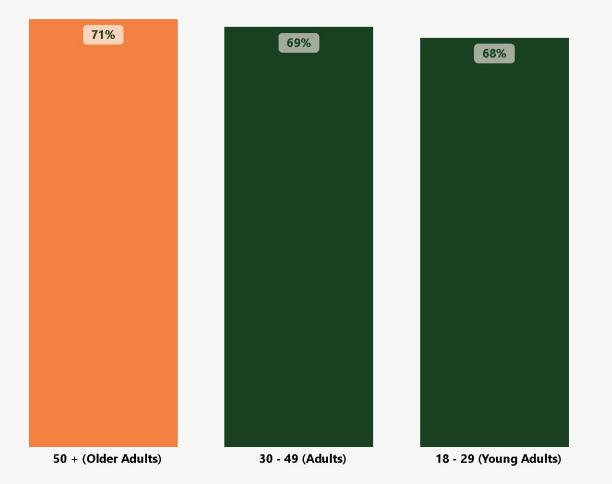


TELECOMMUNICATIONS





TRANSPORTATION



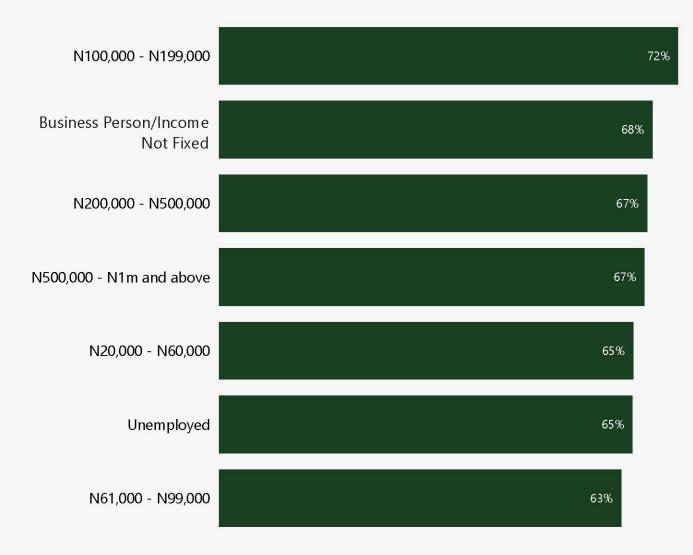


Customer Satisfaction Across Income Levels

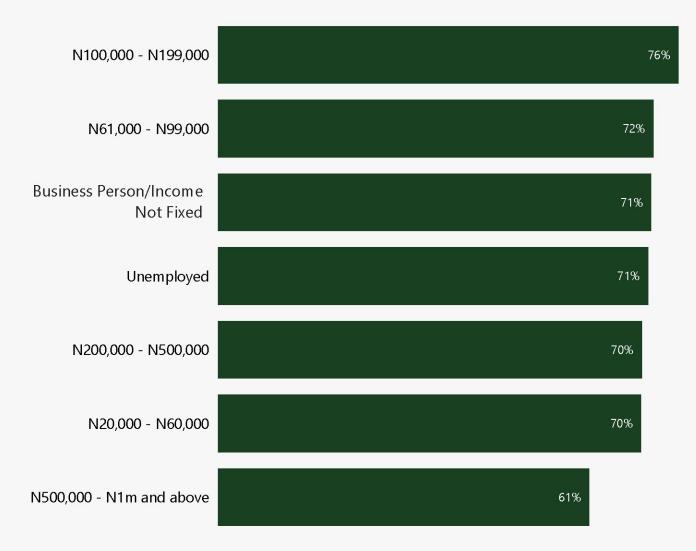
PART V



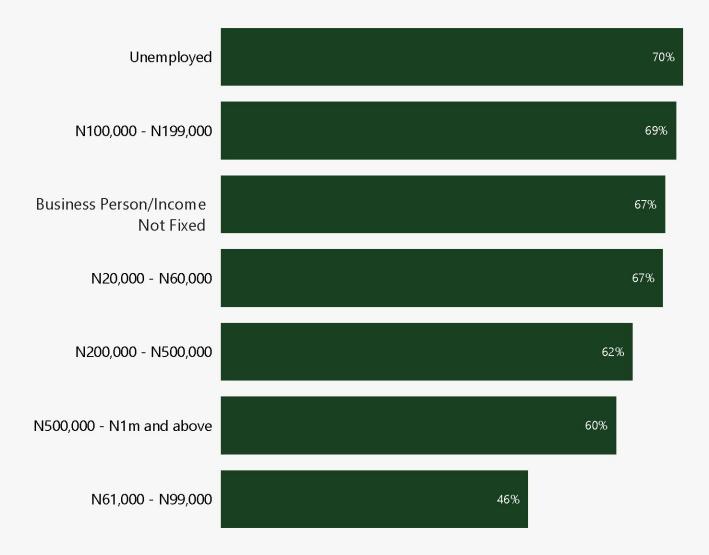
FINANCE



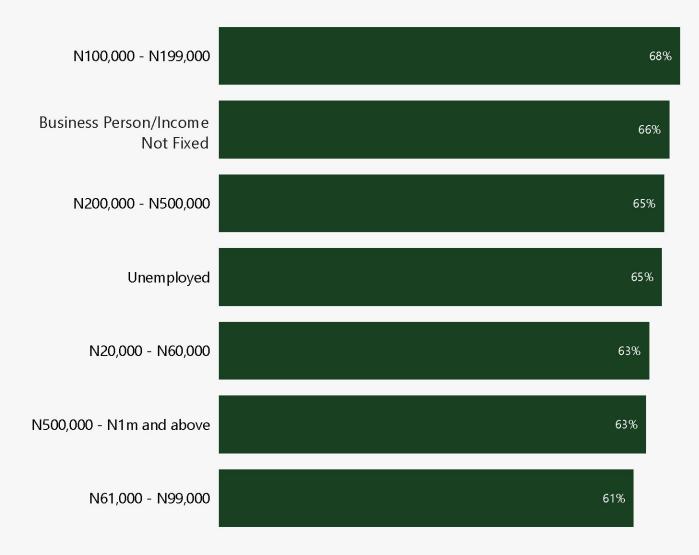
E-COMMERCE



EDUCATION

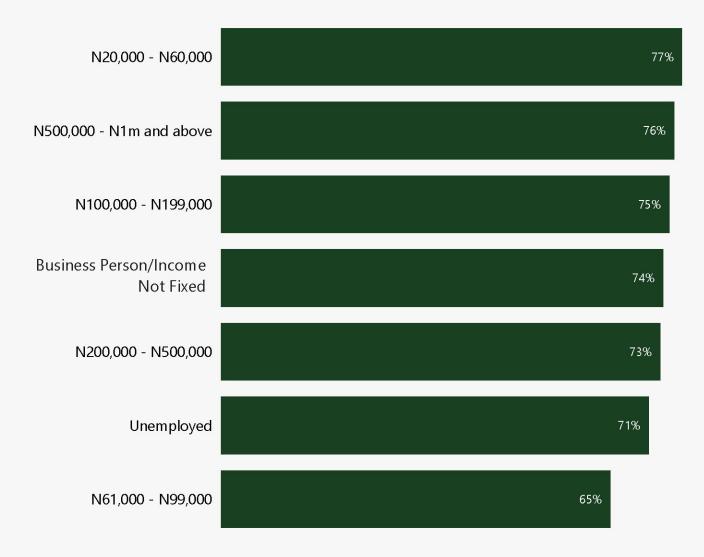


HEALTHCARE

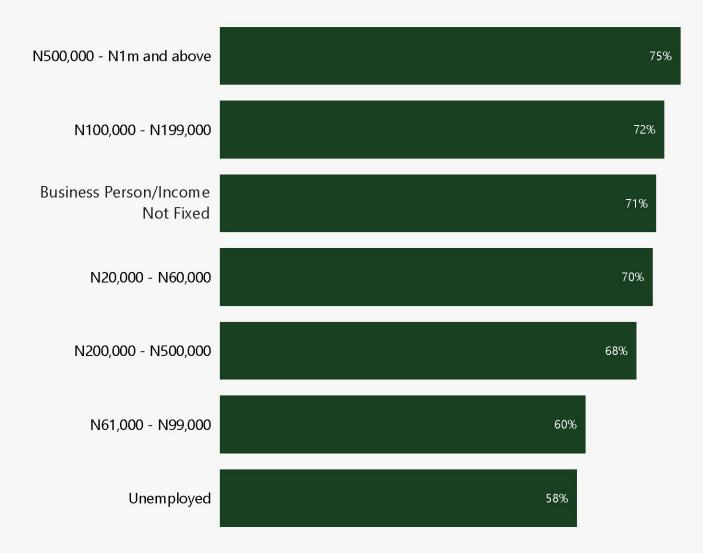




HOSPITALITY

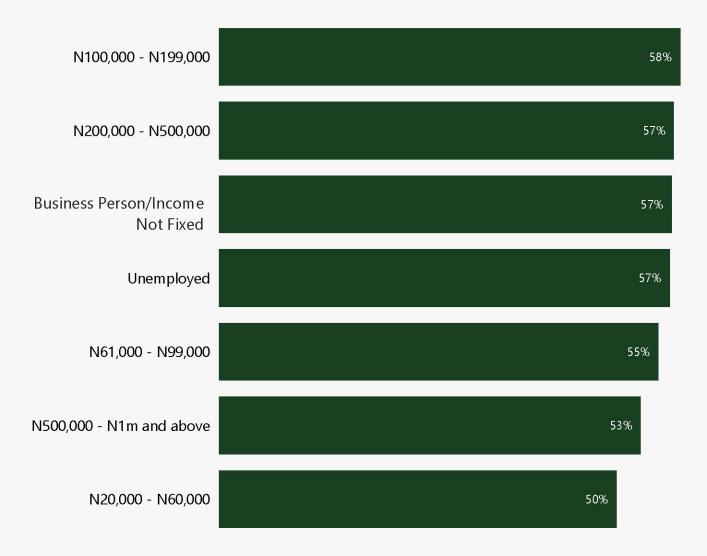


INSURANCE



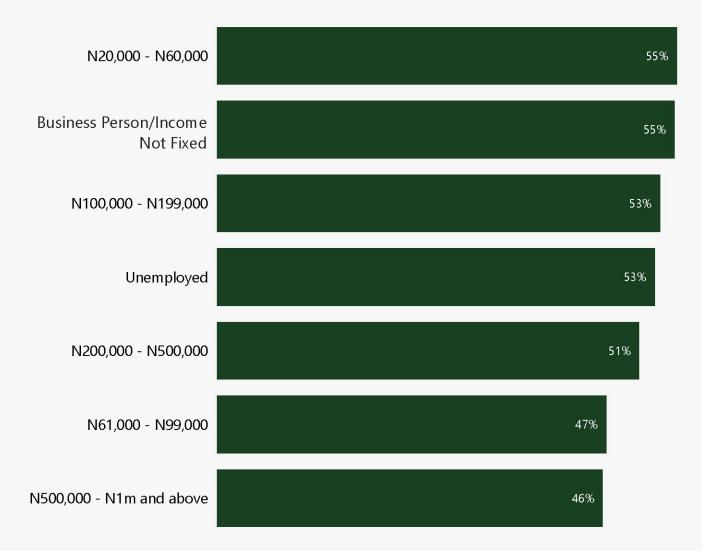


POWER



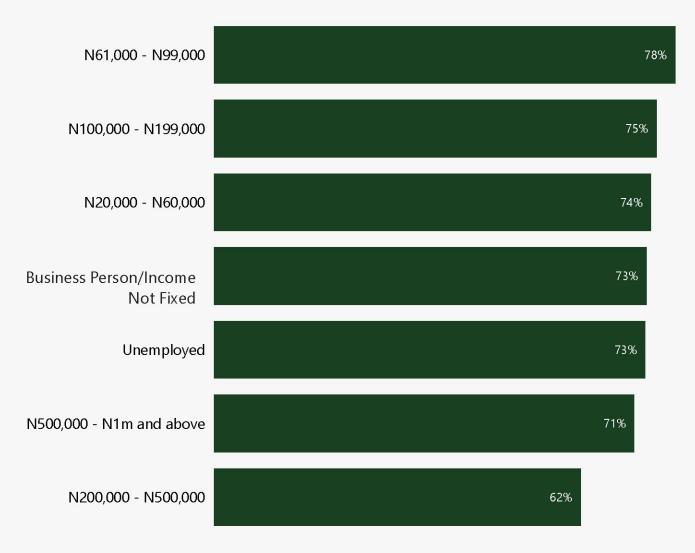


PUBLIC SECTOR



REAL ESTATE

NCSI

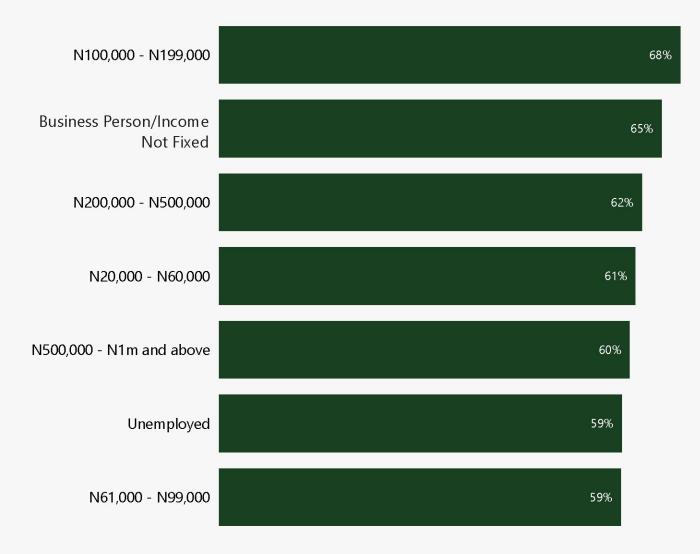


SPORTS/ENTERTAINMENT

Unemployed 70% N100,000 - N199,000 68% **Business Person/Income** 66% Not Fixed N20,000 - N60,000 63% N61,000 - N99,000 63% N200,000 - N500,000 61% N500,000 - N1m and above 48%

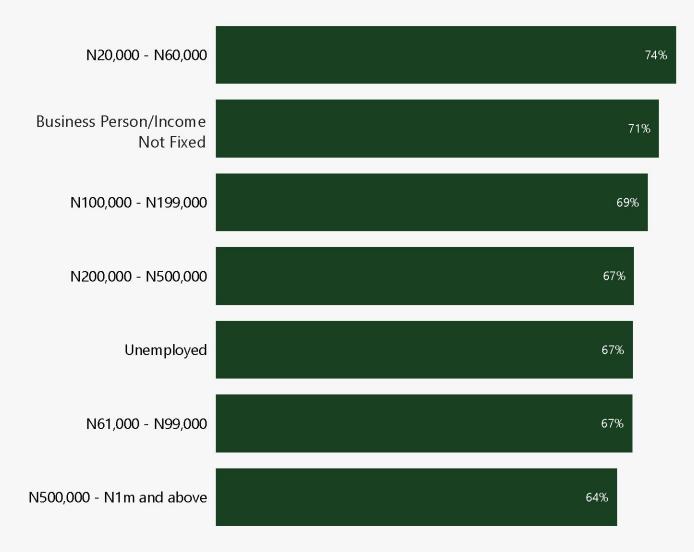


TELECOMMUNICATIONS





TRANSPORTATION



Customer Advocacy

Customer advocacy and outstanding service are crucial in fostering long-term business success and building a loyal customer base. Advocacy occurs when satisfied customers go beyond simply using a brand's products or services—they actively promote and recommend them to others. This organic form of marketing is invaluable, as word-of-mouth endorsements tend to carry more trust and influence than traditional advertising methods. Additionally, businesses that cultivate strong customer advocacy often experience higher retention rates, increased brand loyalty, and greater lifetime value from their customers.

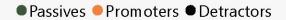
Providing exceptional customer service is a driver of fundamental advocacy. When companies prioritize superior service delivery, they show their dedication to exceeding customer expectations. Whether through quick issue resolution, personalized interactions, or proactive communication, a customer-centric approach fosters trust and deepens the relationship between brands and their customers. Positive service experiences leave a lasting impression, encouraging customers to share their experiences with friends, family, and colleagues.

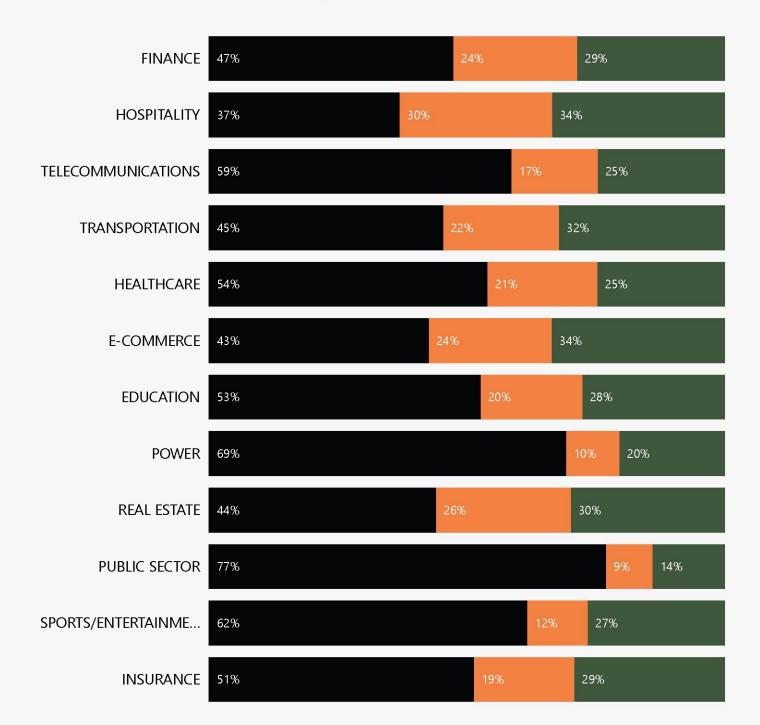
Beyond fostering loyalty, exceptional service enhances a brand's reputation—an essential factor in attracting and retaining customers in today's highly competitive market.

A strong reputation, built on customer satisfaction and advocacy, serves as a unique differentiator, helping businesses stand out from competitors. Furthermore, as consumers increasingly rely on online reviews and social proof in their purchasing decisions, positive experiences and customer endorsements can significantly shape brand perceptions and influence potential customers.

Ultimately, prioritizing customer advocacy and delivering exceptional service not only boosts satisfaction but also drives sustainable business growth. Companies that recognize the power of advocacy and invest in customercentric strategies will be better positioned for long-term success.The following graph illustrates the percentage breakdown of promoters, detractors, and passives across various sectors included in the survey.

CUSTOMER ADVOCACY BY SECTOR





Means of Interaction

Organizations employ various channels to facilitate communication and engagement with customers, ensuring seamless interactions that enhance the overall service experience. In today's rapidly evolving digital landscape, businesses leverage both traditional and modern methods to connect with their customers, providing multiple touchpoints for support and assistance.

Face-to-face interactions remain a crucial component of customer service, offering direct, personalized engagement that fosters trust and stronger relationships. Phone support also plays a vital role, allowing customers to receive real-time assistance through direct verbal communication with service representatives, ensuring immediate resolution of concerns.

The advent of digital technology has transformed customer service interactions, introducing more convenient and efficient communication channels. Live chat functionalities on websites mobile and applications enable customers to receive instant responses from support agents, improving response times and overall service efficiency. Email correspondence remains a valuable tool, providing a flexible communication option where customers can reach out at their convenience while maintaining a documented record of their inquiries.

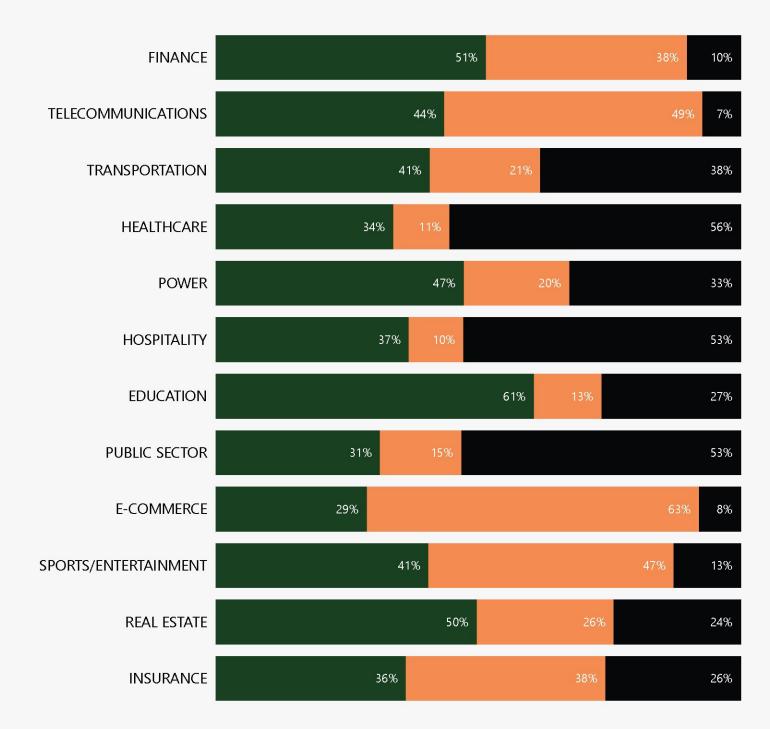
Social media platforms have also emerged as influential customer service channels, allowing businesses to engage publicly with their audience, address concerns, and provide timely responses to customer inquiries.

These platforms enhance brand visibility and create opportunities for businesses to demonstrate their commitment to customer satisfaction in a highly accessible manner.

In the following section, we will examine how Nigerian customers engage with businesses through these various interaction channels in the Nigerian Customer Service Index (NCSI).

MEANS OF INTERACTION BY SECTOR

Both Digital and Traditional Channels
 Digital Channels
 Traditional Channels



Customer Service Expectations: Key Priority Factors

As previously outlined, the Nigerian Customer Service Index (NCSI) systematically evaluates customer satisfaction using eight critical Trust, Branches, metrics: Branding and Outlook, Competence, Complaint Resolution, Ease of Doing Business, Processes and Procedures, Professionalism, and Customer-Focused Innovations. These key measures shape the overall collectively customer experience across various sectors of the Nigerian economy.

Beyond measuring satisfaction levels, the NCSI also examines the relative importance customers place on each metric in shaping their overall experience. This dual-layered approach offers а more in-depth understanding of the factors that drive customer satisfaction and the weight each measure holds in influencing consumer perceptions.

The following graphs illustrate customer priorities regarding these key metrics as assessed in the NCSI survey. Each graph presents a percentage score that reflects the significance respondents attribute to a particular measure across different sectors. By analyzing these insights, businesses, industry leaders, and policymakers can better understand customer expectations and tailor strategies to improve service quality.

Recognizing which aspects of customer service matter most allows organizations to allocate resources effectively and enhance the factors that have the greatest impact on overall satisfaction and brand loyalty.

To conclude this section, the report presents a final comprehensive graph ranking the key customer service measures by order of importance.

This holistic overview highlights the overarching trends shaping customer satisfaction across various sectors, enabling stakeholders to prioritize efforts that improve service quality. By leveraging these insights, businesses can refine their operations, build stronger customer relationships, and drive Nigeria's long-term success in evolving market.

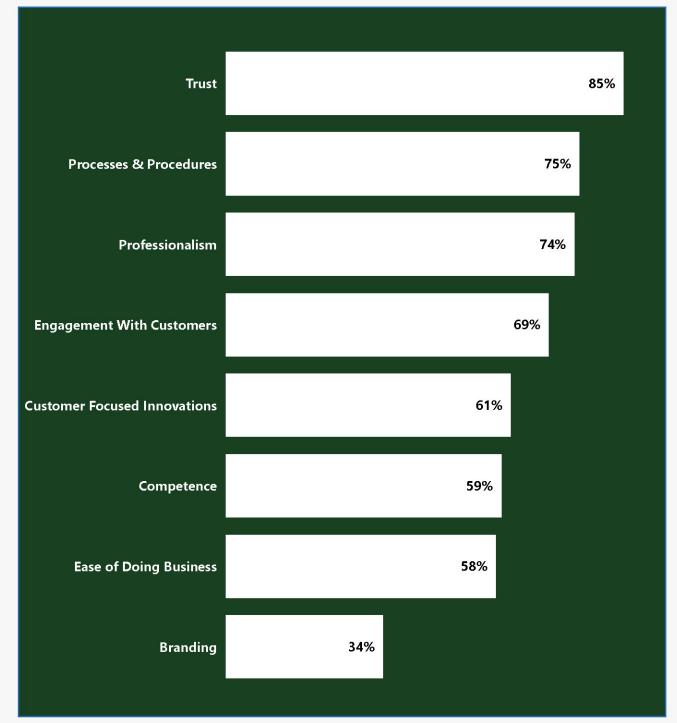


PART VI

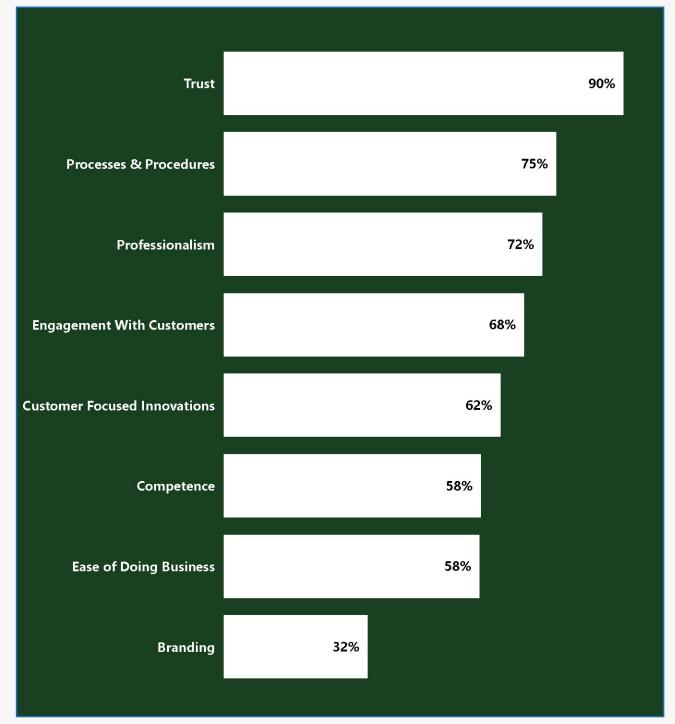
Customer Priority



FINANCE

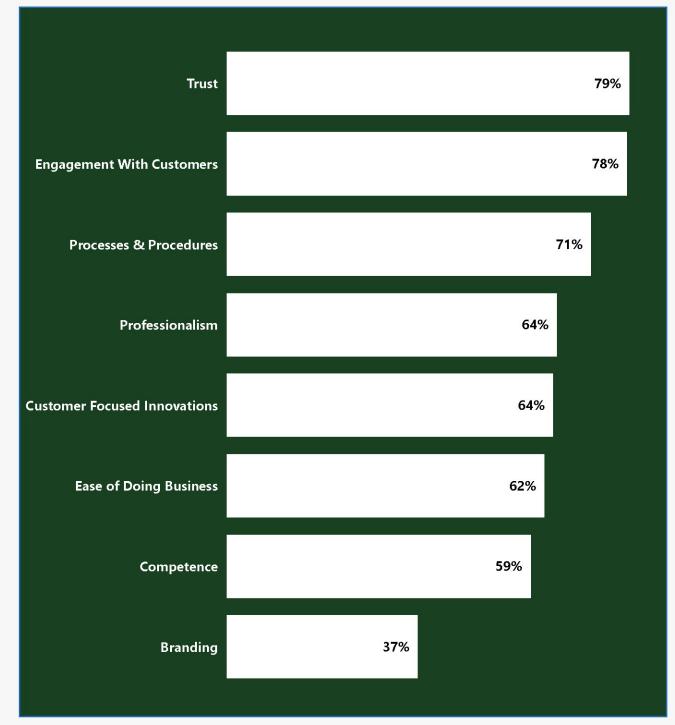


E-COMMERCE



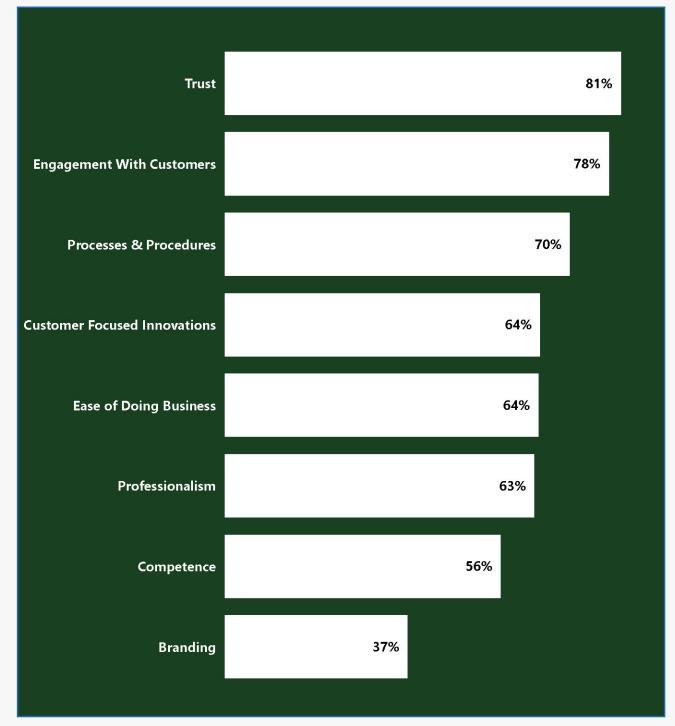


UNIVERSITIES



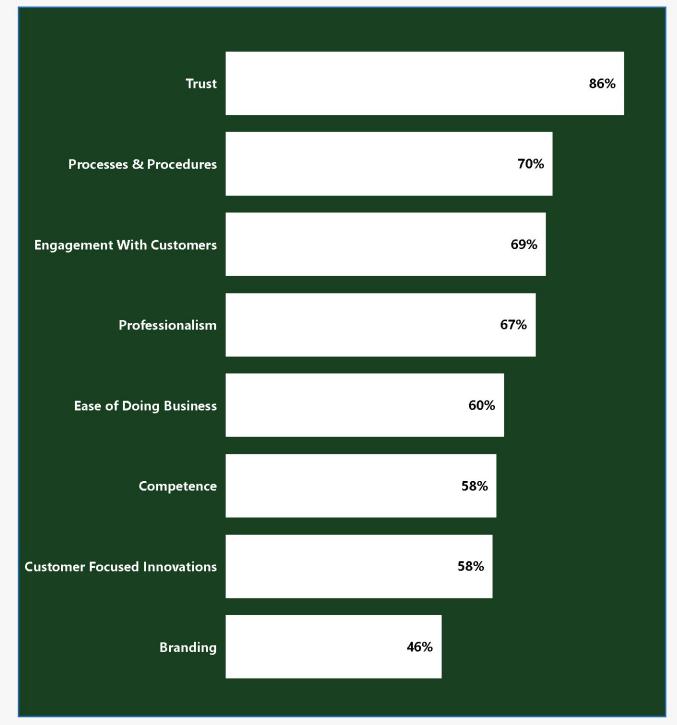


HEALTHCARE



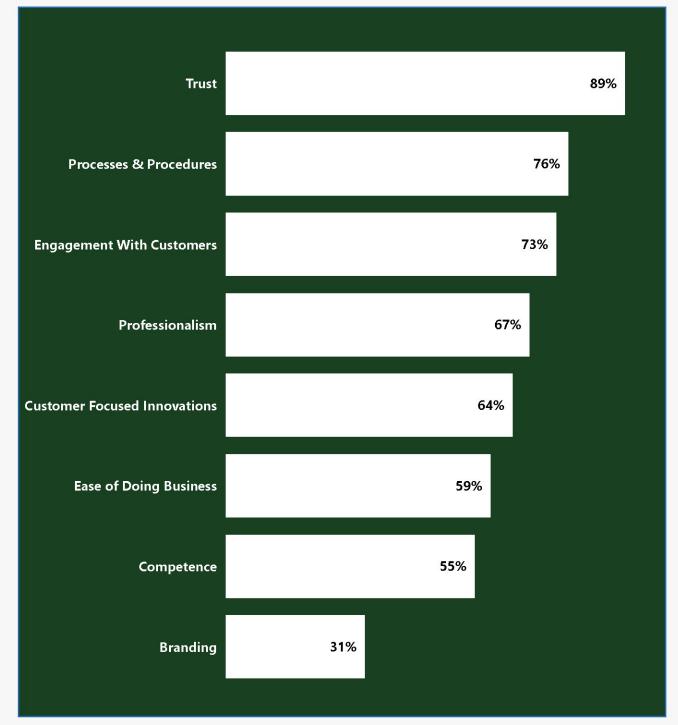


HOSPITALITY



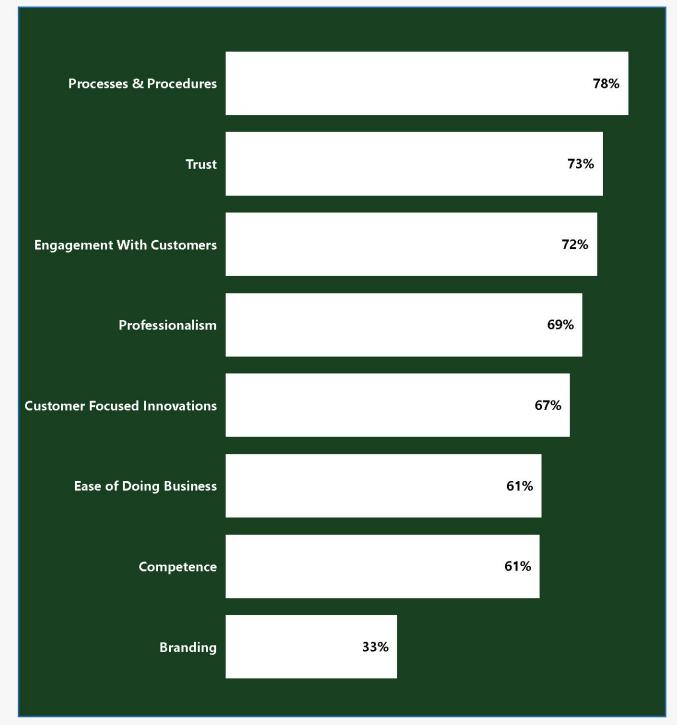


INSURANCE



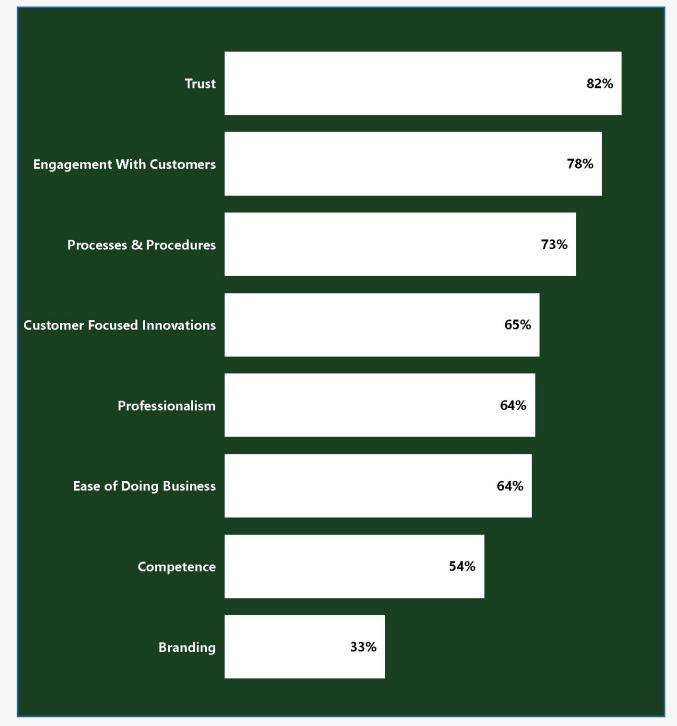


POWER

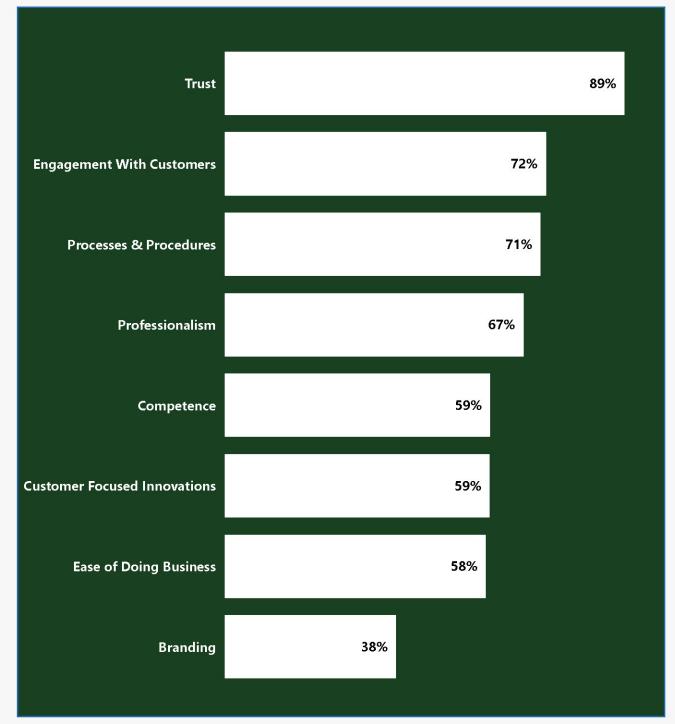




PUBLIC SECTOR



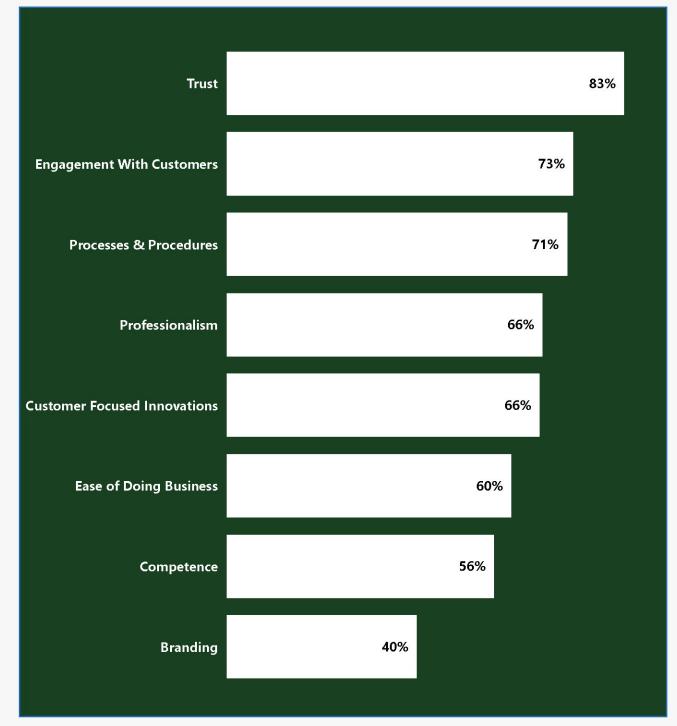
REAL ESTATE





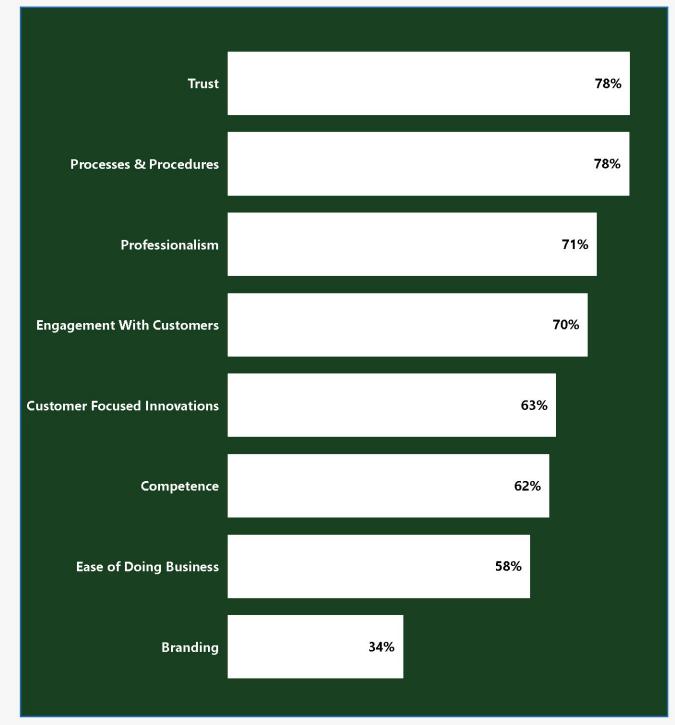
SPORTS/GAMING

CUSTOMER'S PRIORITY



TELECOMMUNICATIONS

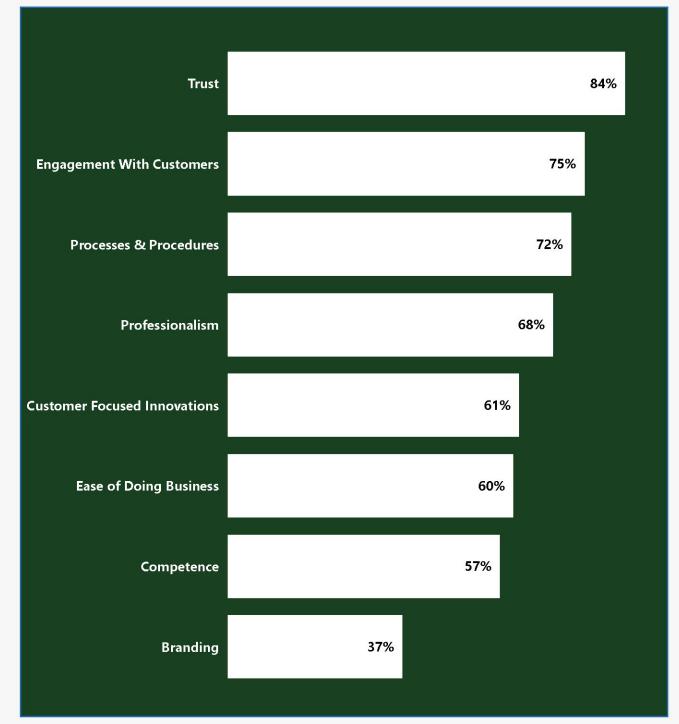
CUSTOMER'S PRIORITY

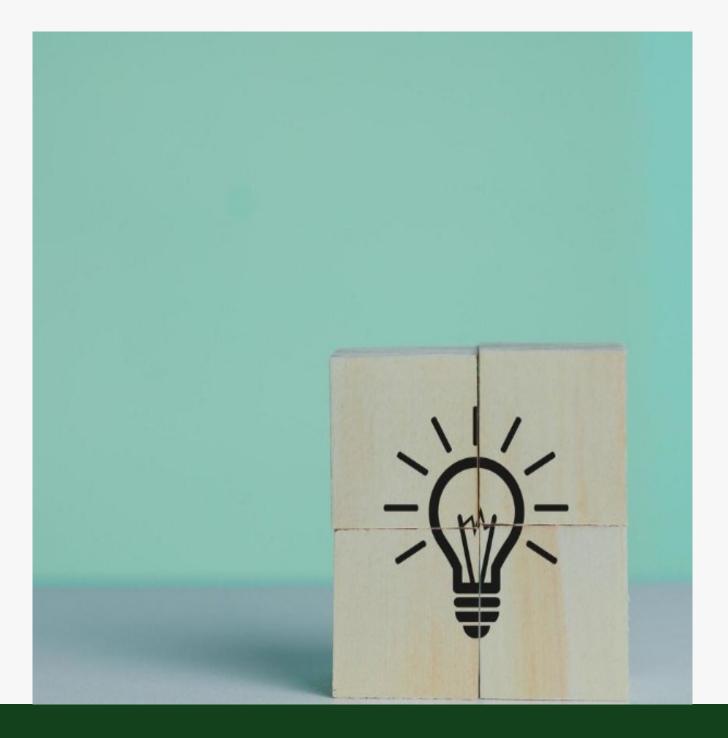




TRANSPORTATION

CUSTOMER'S PRIORITY





PART VII

Findings, Implications & Opportunities

Key Findings

Comparison of the 2024 and 2023 Nigerian Customer Service Index

Sector Performance Overview

1. Transportation

2024 Score: 73% (Ranked 1st)

Key Finding: Leads all sectors with the highest score, supported by a strong 58% positive impression from customers.

2. Finance

2024 Score: 72% (Ranked 2nd)

Key Finding: Secures second place with balanced performance, though 23% negative feedback highlights room for improvement.

3. Hospitality

2024 Score: 72% (Ranked 2nd)

Key Finding: Ties with Finance, bolstered by the highest positive impression (65%) among all sectors.

4. Insurance

2024 Score: 71% (Ranked 4th)

Key Finding: Moderate score despite a relatively high 56% positive sentiment, but 14% negative feedback suggests inconsistencies.

5. Healthcare

2024 Score: 70% (Ranked 5th) Key Finding: Neutral and negative impressions (25% each) indicate a need for more consistent service delivery.

6. Education

2024 Score: 69% (Ranked 6th) Key Finding: Mid-tier performance with 54% positive sentiment, but 22% negativity reflects unmet expectations.

7. Sports/Entertainment

2024 Score: 69% (Ranked 6th)

Key Finding: Matches Education's score, yet 15% negative feedback underscores challenges in service reliability.

8. Public Sector

2024 Score: 63% (Ranked 8th)

Key Finding: Lowest positive impression (38%) and high negativity (32%) highlight critical service gaps.

Key Findings

9. Telecommunications

2024 Score: 63% (Ranked 8th) Key Finding: Ties with Public Sector; 32% negative feedback signals urgent need for customer experience reforms.

10. Real Estate

2024 Score: 62% (Ranked 10th) Key Finding: Despite a strong 66% positive impression, operational inefficiencies likely drag down its overall score.

11. Power

2024 Score: 61% (Ranked 11th) Key Finding: Highest negative sentiment (35%) reflects systemic issues in service delivery.

12. E-commerce

2024 Score: 60% (Ranked 12th) Key Finding: Struggles with the lowest score and 13% negativity, emphasizing challenges in digital customer engagement.

Notable Trends

Top Performers: Transportation, Finance, and Hospitality dominate, driven by high customer satisfaction.

Critical Gaps

Public Sector, Power, and E-commerce lag significantly, with negativity exceeding 30% in some cases.

Customer Sentiment

Hospitality (65% positive) and Real Estate (66% positive) excel in customer perception, yet operational metrics drag their rankings.

Key Findings

1. Mixed Sector Performance Trends

While sectors like Finance (66% to 72%) and Telecommunications (58% to 63%) show steady improvement, others like E-Commerce (68% to 60%) and Insurance (69% to 71%) reveal inconsistent progress. Notably, Transportation surged to lead at 73%, up from 61% in 2023. These trends highlight varied prioritization of customer service across industries.

2. Emergence of New Sectors

Education (69%) and Sports/Entertainment (69%) debut in the rankings, signaling expanded focus on customer experience in previously overlooked sectors. Real Estate (62%) also enters the index, though its operational challenges temper its strong 66% positive customer sentiment.

3. Public Sector Progress

The Public Sector leaped from 47% to 63%, reflecting tangible efforts to enhance service delivery. Despite this, it remains in the bottom tier, with 32% negative feedback underscoring persistent gaps in reliability and efficiency.

4. Power Sector Gains

Power improved from 55% to 61% and yet retains the second-highest negative sentiment (35%). This suggests operational upgrades are underway, but systemic issues like inconsistent service and communication.

5. Hospitality & Healthcare Consistency

Hospitality maintains dominance (72%, up from 73% in 2023) with the highest positive sentiment (65%). Healthcare rose modestly (62% to 70%), but neutral and negative impressions (25% each) indicate uneven service quality.

Critical Areas for 2025

E-Commerce must address its 13% negativity and last-place ranking to align with digital growth trends.

Insurance needs to convert its 56% positive sentiment into stronger operational performance.

Telecommunications and Public Sector require urgent reforms to reduce 32% negative feedback.



PART VIII

Summary & Recommendations

Recommendations

1. Focus on Customer Feedback: It is essential for all sectors to implement regular customer feedback mechanisms, such as surveys and focus groups. By actively seeking input from customers, businesses can identify specific pain points and areas for improvement. This feedback loop will enable organizations to make informed decisions that enhance the overall customer experience.

2. Training and Development: Continuous training programs for customer service representatives are crucial for maintaining high service standards. Investing in employee training not only equips staff with the necessary skills to handle customer inquiries and complaints effectively but also fosters a culture of excellence within the organization. Well-trained employees are more likely to engage positively with customers, leading to improved satisfaction.

3. Technology Utilisation: Leveraging technology can significantly enhance customer service efficiency. For instance, implementing customer relationship management (CRM) systems and chatbots can streamline service processes, reduce response times, and provide

customers with quick access to information. This is particularly relevant for sectors like telecommunications and e-commerce, where customers expect prompt and efficient service.

4. Benchmarking Against Global Standards:

Organizations should consider benchmarking their customer service practices against global best practices. This involves researching successful customer service strategies employed by leading companies worldwide and adapting them to local contexts. By learning from global leaders, businesses can identify innovative approaches that can enhance their service delivery.

5. Customer-Centric Culture: Fostering a customer-centric culture is vital for long-term success. This involves ensuring that all employees, regardless of their role, understand the importance of customer service and are empowered to make decisions that benefit the customer. Organizations can achieve this by incorporating customer service excellence into their core values and performance metrics.

6. Address Declines Promptly: For sectors experiencing declines, such as insurance, it is

Recommendations

crucial to take immediate action to identify and rectify the root causes of customer dissatisfaction. This may involve conducting internal audits, engaging with dissatisfied customers, and implementing changes based on their feedback. Proactive measures can help restore confidence and improve service quality.

7. Promote Transparency and Communication: In sectors such as public services and utilities, transparent communication is essential for building trust with customers. Organizations should provide clear information regarding service processes, updates, and any potential disruptions. By keeping customers informed, businesses can enhance customer satisfaction and mitigate frustration during service interruptions.

By implementing these recommendations, organizations across various sectors in Nigeria can continue to improve their customer service performance. This will not only enhance customer satisfaction but also foster loyalty and drive business growth in an increasingly competitive landscape.

How Can the NCSI Help?

While the general report offers a broad overview of customer service performance, organizations can derive even greater value by requesting a customized sector or sub-sector report. These bespoke reports provide targeted insights tailored to a specific industry niche, allowing businesses to better understand their unique service landscape and make datadriven improvements

A customized report facilitates benchmarking against industry peers, offering a clear comparison of an organization's performance relative to competitors. This comparative analysis highlights areas of strength and pinpoint weaknesses, equipping businesses with the knowledge to enhance service delivery, expand market share, and establish themselves as industry leaders.

Unlike generic reports, a sector-specific analysis delves deeply into industry intricacies, presenting actionable recommendations that align with an organization's market segment. By focusing on trends and challenges unique to the sector, businesses can make more informed decisions and allocate resources effectively to improve customer experience. Additionally, a customized report incorporates detailed customer feedback from respondents within the organization's sector. This direct insight into customer perceptions, expectations, and pain points enables businesses to refine their services and improve overall satisfaction.

Lastly, these reports provide strategic recommendations tailored to address sectorspecific challenges and opportunities. Whether it's closing gaps in service delivery, leveraging emerging trends, or mitigating industry risks, a customized report serves as a roadmap for sustainable growth and success.

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PART IX

Appendices



Grading System For NCSI 2024

Score	GPA	Grade
95% - 100%	5.0	А
90% - 94%	4.5	B+
85% - 89%	4.0	В
80% - 84%	3.5	C+
75% -79%	3.0	С
70% - 74%	2.5	D+
60% - 69%	2.0	D
55% - 59%	1.5	E+
Below 55%	1.0	E

Grade	Interpretation
А	Exceptional
B +	Excellent
В	Very Good
C+	Good
С	Fair
D	Poor
E+	Very Poor
E	Dismal

For all the 1,000+ organizations rated on the 2024 report visit: www.nigeriacsi.org/orgnaizations

FINANCIAL SECTOR ACCESS BANK PLC CENTRAL BANK OF NIGERIA ECOBANK NIGERIA PLC FIDELITY BANK PLC FIRST BANK OF NIGERIA LIMITED FIRST CITY MONUMENT BANK (FCMB) **GLOBUS BANK** PREMIUM TRUST BANK **PROVIDUS BANK PLC** STANBIC IBTC BANK STANDARD CHARTERED BANK STERLING BANK LIMITED TAJ BANK UNION BANK OF NIGERIA PLC UNITED BANK FOR AFRICA PLC (UBA) **UNITY BANK** WEMA BANK PLC

E-COMMERCE

3C HUB ABEGI AFRIMASH ALI EXPRESS ALIBABA BOKKU BUCHYMIX APPLIANCES BUYBETTER CHOWDECK DEALDAY **FIRSTMONIE** FOOTBALL.COM GOID IS GOOD (GIG) H-MEDIX ABUJA HYPERCITY JANNY'S SCENT'S AND CLOTHING ENTERPRISE Ш JUMIA JUST WOVEN LABELS KARA KAYMU KONGA MOMOPSB MULTICHOICE LTD NGAWIN **OBIWEEZI**

EDUCATION

ABIA STATE POLYTECHNIC (ABIAPOLY) ABIA STATE UNIVERSITY (ABSU) ADEKUNLE AJASIN UNIVERSITY, AKOKO (AAUA) AFE BABALOLA BUSINESS SCHOOL AFE BABALOLA UNIVERSITY (ABUAD) AHMADU BELLO UNIVERSITY (ABU), ZARIA AJAYI CROWTHER UNIVERSITY AKWA IBOM STATE POLYTECHNIC (AKWAPOLY) AKWA IBOM STATE UNIVERSITY (AKSU) AMBROSE ALLI UNIVERSITY (AAU) AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA (AUN) ANCHOR UNIVERSITY BABCOCK UNIVERSITY

HEALTHCARE

LIFE WORTH HOSPITAL NIDUS AQUILAE HOSPITAL ACADEMY HOSPITAL AND MATERNITY CENTRE, **IBADAN** ADEMOLA HOSPITAL AND MATERNITY ADENLE HOSPITAL ILESHA ADEOYO HOSPITAL YEMETU, IBADAN AIYETORO MEDICAL CENTRE AMINA HOSPITAL ANGEL HOSPITAL, ABUJA **BARI PHARMACY** BEACHLAND SPECIALIST HOSPITAL BEACON HEALTH DIAGNOSTICS BEACON HILL DENTAL CLINIC BENUE STATE UNIVERSITY TEACHING HOSPITAL -**BSUTH BERNICE HOSPITAL BIBA HOSPITAL KADUNA**

HOSPITALITY

BUMIE'S KITCHEN ITEM7 RESTAURANT 11:45 RESTAURANT ABE LGI RESTAURANT ABSTRACT RESTAURANT IKOYI AMAZONIA RESTAURANT IKOYI ANNABREEZE RESTAURANT ANNABREEZE RESTAURANT AND BAR ASABANA BAR WOKS & KOI RESTAURANT YAKOYO ABULA JOINT, ABUJA ZARA'S KITCHEN ZERO RESTAURANT

INSURANCE

AIICO INSURANCE PLC ALLIANZ NIGERIA INSURANCE PLC ARM LIFE INSURANCE PLC AXA MANSARD INSURANCE PLC CONSOLIDATED HALLMARK INSURANCE PLC CORNERSTONE INSURANCE PLC CORONATION INSURANCE PLC CORONATION INSURANCE CUSTODIAN AND ALLIED INSURANCE LIMITED HEIRS INSURANCE GROUP LASACO ASSURANCE LEAD WAY ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSURANCE PLC

POWER SECTOR ABAPOWER ELECTRIC COMPANY ABUJA ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PLC (AEDC) BENIN ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PLC (BEDC) **BUYPOWER CIE POWER DISTRIBUTION** EKO ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PI C (EKEDC) ENUGU ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PLC (EEDC) IBADAN ELECTRICITYDISTRIBUTION COMPANY PI C (IBEDC) IKEJA ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PLC (IKEDC) JOS ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PLC

PUBLIC SECTOR

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, LAGOS STATE STATE KADUNA INDEPENDENT ELECTORAL COMMISSION THE FEDERAL JUDICIAL SERVICE COMMISSION CAMEROONIAN HIGH COMMISSION, ABUJA NIGERIA SECURITY AND CIVIL DEFENCE CORPS ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CRIMES COMMISSION, NIGERIA NATIONAL YOUTH SERVICE CORPS (NYSC) NIGER DELTA DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION (NDDC) NIGERIA CUSTOMS SERVICE (NCS) NIGERIA FIRE EXTINGUISHER CONTROL (NFEC) NIGERIA IMMIGRATION SERVICES (NIS) NIGERIA POLICE FORCE (NPF) NIGERIA PORTS AUTHORITY (NPA) NIGERIA RAILWAY COMMISSION (NRC) NIGERIAN ARMY NIGERIAN NATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY LIMITED (NNPC) OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF NIGERIA (SMEDAN) VEHICLE INSPECTION OFFICE (VIO) WEST AFRICAN ASSOCIATION OF CUSTOMER SERVICE PROFESSIONALS CAMEROONIAN HIGH COMMISSION, ABUJA NIGERIA CONSULATE, ATLANTA - USA NIGERIA CONSULATE, NEW YORK - USA NIGERIA EMBASSY - ABIDJAN NIGERIA EMBASSY, BEIJING CHINA NIGERIA EMBASSY, GERMANY NIGERIA HIGH COMMISSION, LONDON, UK

REAL ESTATE SECTOR

ABUJA PROPERTY AGENTS 247 APARTMENTS ACE REAL ESTATE AD DYNAMO ADAFLU ESTATE ADBOND HOMES ADRON HOMES ALPHA NOBIS REAL ESTATE LIMITED **BAKER HOME BLUEMOOL LIMITED BRILL REALTY LIMITED** BUY AND MOVE IN LIMITED CITEC INTERNATIONAL ESTATES LTD DANDATEC HOUSING COOPERATIVE DUENO PROPERTY LTD DUKIYA INVESTMENTS EDIN AND PEOPLE LIMITED FREELANCE AGENTS **GRACIAS PROPERTIES** GTEX HOMES HAVEN SOUARE HILLSIDE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED HOMI AND GROUP HOUSING AGAENT INFINIDAD LOGISTICS INTERCONTINENTAL REAL ESTATE CORPORATION ISREAL PROPERTIES LTD **J REIGNS PROPERTIES** KIGRA RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION KOLAPO ISHOLA GRA

SPORTS/GAMING SECTOR

1XBET BET BONANZA BET WAY BET88U BET9JA BETKING ILOT BET MERRYBET NAIRABET SPORTYBET WINNERS GOLDEN BET (WGB)

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

9MOBILE AIRTEL GLOBALCOM MTN ESTREAM NETWORKS FIBERONE NTEL SMILE SPECTRANET STARLINK TIZETI IPNX NIGERIA

TRANSPORTATION

AERO AIR AIRPEACE ARIK AIR AZMAN AIR DANA AIR GREEN AFRICA **IBOM AIR** MAX AIR NG EAGLE AIRLINE **OVERLAND(AIRLINE) RANO AIRLINE** SPIRIT AIRLINES UNITED NIGERIA A J DANPULLO TRANSPORT SERVICES ABC TRANSPORTS ADAMAWA SUNSHINE **AKWA IBOM TRANSPORT (AKTC)** AMEOSA MOTORS AUTO STAR TRANSPORT **BENUE LINKS BIG JOE VENTURES BORNO EXPRESS** CHUKWUBUIKEM MOTORS DELKINGS TRANSPORT DELTA EXPRESS TRANSPORT **DELTA LINE** EASTERN MASS TRANSIT EDDYSON TRANSPORT EFEX EXECUTIVE TRANSPORT **EKESON TRANSPORT GLOBIS MOTORS** GOD BLESS EZENWATA TRANSPORT GOD IS GOOD (GIG) GOD'S TIME TRANSPORT GOMBE LINE **GOMBE MOTORS** GOODNESS AND MERCY TRANSPORT COMPANY **GUO TRANSPORT IFESINACHI TRANSPORT** IN GOD WE TRUST MOTORS (IGWT)

Contact Us

Request for sector and subsector reports which includes peer to peer comparison, trends, customer feedbacks, recommendations and other relevant information can be done using the contact channels below:



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